P & O
SCOTCH WHISKY.
10 YEARS' OLD.
The Only "SCOTCH" supplied
TO THE GREATER BRITAIN EXHIBITION,
Rs. 2-12-0, PER BOTTLE.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 51,905—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, APRIL 6, 1900.

Milkmaid BRAND Milk
LARGEST SALE in the WORLD.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE
WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.
SATURDAY, 2 P.M.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	1900.
M. L. EGYPT	7912	G. Langbourne	7th April,
* CLYDE	4092	E. Street	14th "
M. L. CHINA	7969	T. S. Angus	21st "
* CARTHAGE	5198	J. R. Lendon	28th "
M. L. ARABIA	7903	J. L. Parfitt	5th May.
* ORIENTAL	5254	J. F. Jephson	12th "
M. L. CALEDONIA	7558	K. H. Gordon	19th "
* CARTHAGE	5198	J. R. Lendon	26th "
M.L. SOBRAON	7240	L. M. Wilmer	2nd June.
* EGYPT	7912	G. Langbourne	9th "
M.L. ORIENTAL	5254	J. F. Jephson	16th "
* CARTHAGE	5198	J. R. Lendon	23rd "
M.L. EGYPT	7912	G. Langbourne	30th "

The steamers marked M. L. proceed to Marseilles, Plymouth and London. Passengers for Brindisi transhipping at Port Said.

The Steamers marked * proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there for Brindisi, Marseilles, Plymouth or London.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to Sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage Labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of Sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 11 A.M., and 12-30 P.M., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's steam barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN

The Company's STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY FORTNIGHTLY, usually on TUESDAYS, taking Passengers for the STRAITS, CHINA, and JAPAN, and return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals, calling at Ports en route.

F. RITCHIE,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 28th March, 1900.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S.N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT

TO TRIESTE DIRECT VIA SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers	Captains.	Tons.	To sail on
* AMPHITRITE	C. Costanzo	3,339	15th April, 1900.
IMPERATOR	G. Klansberger	4,140	1st May, 1900.
IMPERATRIX	G. Nicolich	4,213	1st June 1900.

* Saloon fare to Trieste or Venice, Rs. 375.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 600.	Rs. 325.	Rs. 150.

TO TRIESTE, VIA KURRACHEE, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	To sail on or about
* FRANZ FERDINAND	G. Morovich	6,044	20th April, 1900.
MARIA VALERIE	A. Feilner	4,235	15th May, 1900.
SILESIA	G. Veroas	5,195	15th June, 1900.

* She will not call at Karachi.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 375	Rs. 150.

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
Available for 6 months	Rs. 960.	Rs. 575.
Available for 12 months	" 1,060.	" 625.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards, and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the Return Voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., at reduced fares.

This arrangement will prove of special advantage to passengers on three months' privilege leave.

Steamers leave TRIESTE for BOMBAY direct on the 3rd and those via KURRACHEE on the 23rd of each month.

Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company, which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONG-KONG, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
A Steamer			25th May, 1900.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. SCARPA, Agent.
Sassoon House, 2, Church Gate Street, Bombay, 2nd April 1900

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
FLORIO AND RUBATTINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA or BRINDISI and VENICE.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
S.S. SINGAPORE	3,685	E. Pizzarello	26th April.
" DUCA BALDUINO	4,580	O. Canepa	15th May.
" R. RUBATTINO	4,580	M. Saporiti	15th June.

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

	Single Tickets.	Return Tickets. 4 months.	6 months.	9 months.	12 months.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1st Class	550	825	880	935	1,000
2nd "	325	500	525	550	600
3rd "	150	"	"	"	"

Passengers have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice, or vice versa, and can break their journey at any port, resuming it by subsequent steamers of Bombay or other Weekly and Daily Local Lines.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on Application.

S. S. BISAGNO, Tons 3,000, from BOMBAY to HONG-KONG, calling at SINGAPORE, on the 21st April, 1900.

F. BALDOVINO, Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES DIRECT.
VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on THURSDAY.
SYDNEY	4,232	Aubert	12th April, 1900.
YARRA	4,255	X	10th May, 1900.
OCEANIEN	4,249	Schmitz	7th June, 1900.

TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, JAVA, SAIGON, TONQUIN, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

S. S. "INDUS," 6,357 tons, Captain Duchatean, to sail on or about the 2nd May, 1900, for weekly departures thereafter.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases, of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

For further Particulars apply to

C. RUINAT, Agent.
New Oriental Bank Buildings, 57, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED,

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,695 tons, on the 6th April, at 2 p.m., or later, on arrival of the English Mail.

FOR COAST PORTS AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. "DUMRA," 1,695 tons, on the 10th April, at 10 a.m., calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebunder and Cutch Mandvie, (weather permitting).

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "KILWA," 1,552 tons, at 10 a.m., on the 12th April, calling at Kurrachee, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingas, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah and Busrah, in the foregoing or any order, (weather permitting).

FOR KARACHI, ADEN, MOMBASA AND ZANZIBAR.

S. S. "INDIA," 4,074 tons, on or about 16th April.

FOR SEYCHELLES, ZANZIBAR, MOMBASA AND LAMOO.

S. S. "CANARA," 1,902 tons, on or about 29th April.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

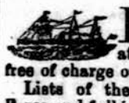
S. S. "RAJPOOTANA," 2,030 tons, on or about 14th April.

FOR MANILA.

A THREE-WEEKLY direct service has been started from Calcutta to Manila, calling at Rangoon, Penang and Singapore. Rates for Passengers and Cargo, and dates of sailing can be obtained from the Undersigned

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 5th April, 1900.

KING, KING & CO.,
BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.



PASSAGES engaged by P. & O. and all Steamers at the lowest rates obtainable free of charge or Commission.

Lists of the LATEST SAILINGS, with Fares and full information as to berths available, furnished at once.

Special attention paid to the grouping of those wishing to travel 2nd Class, P. & O. Every assistance rendered to Passengers arriving in Bombay for embarkation. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and shipped.

THROUGH RAILWAY TICKETS from any Station in India to Bombay, and Tickets for all Continental Routes furnished on application.

SPECIAL AGENTS of the Firm meet all Steamers at BRINDISI and MARSEILLES.

PACKAGES of every description received for despatch as CARGO to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance effected at the Lowest Rates. QUOTATIONS FURNISHED on APPLICATION.

KING, HAMILTON & CO.,
CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co. LONDON.

GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE.
BOMBAY—ZANZIBAR.

THE following Vessel will SAIL:—

Vessel.	Tons.	Capt.	To sail
SAFARI.	1,432	Kley	13 April.

Taking Cargo and Passengers for MOMBASSA, TANGA, DARESALAM, ZANZIBAR, and all Ports South of Zanzibar upto DELAGOA BAY.

For Rates and particulars apply to

F. HEYER, Agent,
Albert Buildings, Hornby Road.
Bombay, 23rd March, 1900.

STEAM.
CALCUTTA TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.
BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

PASSENGER Steamers are despatched from Calcutta direct to Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney, and Brisbane, returning via Torres Straits, booking Cargo and Passengers through to all ports in Queensland and New Zealand with liberty to call at Singapore and Batavia.

S. S. "VADALA," 3,334 tons, on or about 30th April.

For Freight, Passage, or other particulars, apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 1st March 1900. Agents.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.
GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., BOMBAY,

GRINDLAY & Co.,
CALCUTTA,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.

PASSAGES booked without charge, and on favourable terms. Berths carefully selected.
SLEEPING Car and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
TEA PLANTERS, RAILWAY OFFICIALS, MISSIONARIES, booked at reduced rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND *via* JAPAN and AMERICA, by the Canadian Pacific Occidental and Oriental and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving details of Fares, &c., and of Sailings by all Lines sent FREE on Application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS, and SOVEREIGNS at current rates.

London Agents: GRINDLAY & CO.

DOCTOR MENIST SPECTACLES.
REVISED PRICES.

	Gold. Rs.	Silver Rs.	Steel & Nickel. Rs.
With Turnpin Side	60	28	16
With Single Temple	50	24	14
With Cur	50	24	16
Folders or Pince-Nez	50	24	16

SPECTACLES AND FOLDERS FITTED WITH MARCKS AND CO'S.

Finest quality PEBBLES, at a REDUCTION of Rs. 5 on above Prices for Gold and Silver, and Rs. 4 for Steel.

Our new "Movilete" Frame which has gained universal admiration

THROUGHOUT INDIA IS WORTH INSPECTING.

Our Celebrated Violet Tinted Sun Glare and Dust Glasses, strongly recommended by all the leading men.

Gold. Rs.	Silver. Rs.	Nickel. Rs.	Steel. Rs.
60	25	12	5

NOTICE.

SPECIAL ATTENTION is given to all REPAIRS which are executed with the greatest precision and least possible delay. Oculist's prescriptions CAREFULLY PREPARED.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

WINES & SPIRITS.

TREACHER AND COMPANY'S UNEQUALLED SELECTIONS
IMPORTED DIRECT FROM THEIR VARIOUS COUNTRIES OF PRODUCE.

QUALITY AND CONDITION GUARANTEED.
Send for New Monthly Price List, Now Ready.

TREACHER & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY. BYCULLA. POONA.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF

		Rs.	as.	p.
FINEST PARMESAN CHEESE	Per lb.	1	8	0
Do. GORGONZOLA CHEESE	" "	1	8	0
Do. GRUYERE (real EMENTHAL)	" "	1	0	0

GERMAN SAUKRAUT, sold in casks of cwt. each, in tins of 10 lb. each, and by the pound, Ans. 8. per lb.

GERMAN SAUSAGES, Per tin, Rs. 1-12.

FELICE CORNAGLIA,
IMPORTER OF
HIGH CLASS OILMAN'S STORES.

KEMP'S FINE OLD SCOTCH WHISKY.
"INVALID" BRAND,
5 YEARS OLD.
Bottled in Scotland.
Per Bottle Rs. 2-8; Per Doz., Rs. 28.

KEMP & CO., LD., {SASSOON HOUSE,} BOMBAY.

NOW READY.
THE
INDIAN TRAVELLERS' GUIDE
FOR APRIL, 1900.
SPECIAL TIME AND FARE TABLES
OF ALL THE
INDIAN RAILWAYS.
ABSTRACT OF RULES AND REGULATIONS.
THE ROUTE ROUND THE WORLD
THROUGH ROUTES AND FARES FROM
BOMBAY TO PLACES IN INDIA AND ABROAD.
POSTAL AND TELEGRAPHIC INFORMATION.
STEAM-BOATS AND DAK COMPANIES
PLACES OF INTEREST ALONG THE COAST.
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SHOWING EVERY RAILWAY STATION ON THE INDIAN LINES.
PRICE, EIGHT ANNAS. ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION, Rs. 5
This GUIDE, having a large monthly circulation throughout India, forms a very good Medium for Advertisers. For Rates, &c., apply at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office, Fort, Bombay.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

NOTICE.

MESSRS. A. F. Perkins & Co.'s "JACK" BRAND PILSENER is a light wholesome Beer Brewed from the Finest English Hops.

Per Case of 4 Dozen	Qts. Rs. 20 0
Do. of 6 Dozen	Pts. Rs. 19 8

AGENTS:
B. SMYTH & CO., LIMITED,
ESPLANADE, BOMBAY.

WINES, &c.,

COCKBURN'S BLACK SEAL PORT.
LONDON CLUB PORT.
LONDON CLUB SHERRY.
SLATER'S OLD HOLLANDS.
BURKE'S OLD TOM AND DRY GINS.
TENNENT'S PILSENER BEER.

OF ALL DEALERS OR OF

ALDRIDGE, SALMON & Co., LD.
BOMBAY,
SOLE AGENTS.

CARLSBAD NATURAL MINERAL WATERS are used in the treatment of Diseases of the Liver when Patients are unable to visit the Spa.

THE NATURAL CARLSBAD SPRUDEL-SALT is an efficient diuretic, but as an aperient it should be taken before breakfast. In doses of from one to two teaspoonfuls dissolved in water.

A sample of the Salt in Powder free to Members of by Medical profession on application to—

STANLEY OAKES
13-2, Government Place, Calcutta,
Wholesale Agent in India for
INGRAM & ROYLE, LD.,
London, Liverpool and Bristol.

VISITING CARDS, DIES, CRESTS, Monograms, &c., &c., in elegant style and at the shortest notice. Engraving, Copper-plate Printing and Lithographing orders. For rates apply to SUPERINTENDENT "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

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Guarantees Against Embezzlement.

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HEAD OFFICE, ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY
Funds in Government Securities only, and remain in India.

THE Association provides Security for the Intermission and Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust and Responsibility.

For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms apply to

R. PATERSON BROWN,
Secretary.

NEWSPAPER SUPPLY AGENCY,
15, BANK STREET,

THIS AGENCY SUPPLIES
THE
BOMBAY DAILY PAPERS
FOR PERUSAL IN THE,
MORNING AND NOON
AT MODERATE MONTHLY SUBSCRIPTION
ALSO
HOME-PAPERS AND MAGAZINES.

Mofussil Residents are also supplied with Papers.
FOR TERMS APPLY TO
VINCENT AND COMPANY.

WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.

SPECIFICS for Hydrocele and Elephantiasic guaranteed to cure this disease radically by using this medicine externally. Price Rs. 2-8 per bottle Apply to

Dr. S. GHOSHAL, SPECIALIST,
No. 85 Bechoo Chattarjee's Street, Calcutta.

THE CLEARANCE SALE
OF
THE NEW "PREMIER" CYCLES
ADVERTISED DURING FEBRUARY IS NOW WITHDRAWN.

MARCKS AND COMPANY, LIMITED, will revert to their CATALOGUE RATES which are as follows:—

GENTLEMEN'S MACHINES—	Cash. Rs.	Credit. Rs.
The "Premier" Helical "Popular" Roadster	250	275
The "Premier" Helical Road Racer Model "R"	265	295
The "Premier" Helical Roadster Model "S"	270	300
The "Premier" Helical Roadster Model "P"	325	360
The "Premier" Helical "Kohinoor" Roadster	330	365
The "Premier" Helical Path Racer	330	365
The "Premier" Helical Model "O" Road Racer,	330	365
The "Premier" Helical "Polo" Standing Mount	360	400

LADIES' MACHINES—	Cash. Rs.	Credit. Rs.
The "Premier" Helical "Popular"	265	295
The "Premier" Helical Model "H"	270	300
The "Premier" Helical Model "G"	330	365
The "Premier" Helical "Kohinoor"	335	370
The "Premier" Helical "Royal"	360	400
The "Premier" Helical Girl's Model "N"	185	205

The Credit Rates can be extended over a period of 12 months payable by Monthly Instalments.

MARCKS & CO., LIMITED,
SOLE AGENTS FOR THE NEW PREMIER CYCLE CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

McDOWELL & CO.
MADRAS.

HAVANA CIGARS.

TO MEET THE DEMAND WHICH WE BELIEVE EXISTS IN INDIA FOR

REAL HAVANA CIGARS.

We have arranged for the regular importation of the undermentioned BRANDS made of the

FINEST
HAVANA TOBACCO

Procurable, and are now in a position to offer them at the following Prices:—

"MULETA" Principes
4 7/8 inches. Rs. 19-12 per 100 in 50's.
Rs. 20-8 per 100 in 25's.

"COMPOSIA" Especiales
4 3/8 inches. Rs. 17-1 per 100 in 50's.

"COMPOSIA" Imperatrix
4 3-8 inches. Rs. 22-1 per 100 in 25's.

"MULETA" Graciosos
3 3/4 inches. Rs. 13-4 per 100 in 50's.
Rs. 14-2 per 100 in 25's.

ILLUSTRATED LEAFLET FREE ON APPLICATION.

McDOWELL & CO., LD.
MADRAS AND LONDON.

DANTRA'S CELEBRATED TEA.
IN 1, 5 and 10 lbs. AIR-TIGHT ROUND TIN BOXES.

	Rs.	a.	p.		Rs.	a.
ROYAL ORANGE PEKOE Per lb.	2	0	0	ORANGE PEKOE Per lb.	1	0
ROSE ORANGE PEKOE "	1	12	0	PEKOE "	0	12
GOLDEN ORANGE PEKOE "	1	8	0	PEKOE SOUCHONG "	0	12
FLOWERY ORANGE PEKOE "	1	4	0	SOUCHONG "	0	10

Our 13 years standing in the Trade is a sufficient guarantee for the Genuine and Superior Quality and Moderate Prices of our Teas. Discount allowed to Messes, Clubs, Merchants and other large buyers.
All orders executed with care and promptitude. A trial earnestly solicited.

Established 1887. N. B. DANTRA & CO. Established 1887.
TEA MERCHANTS,
33, CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MRS. ANNIE BESANT
Will deliver a PUBLIC LECTURE at the
NOVELTY THEATRE,
THIS EVENING, at 6 P.M.,
On the "SEARCH for HAPPINESS."
Only Orchestra Stall Tickets for Re. 1 each, at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co., Rent FREE without Tickets.
Doors close punctually at 6 o'clock.

BOMBAY, BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.
NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC are hereby INFORMED that the SUNDAY train leaving COLABA for VIRAR at 12-30 will leave 20 minutes later or at 12-50 on SUNDAY next the 8th April, 1900.

C. CROMMELIN,
General Traffic Manager.
General Traffic Manager's Office, Bombay, 2nd April 1900.

TENDERS are invited by 1 o'clock on THURSDAY, the 12th April, 1900, for the work of CONSTRUCTING a BOARDING HOUSE in connection with the Anjuman-i-Islam School, Bombay. The value of the work is about Rs. 29,000.
Further particulars will be obtained at the office of the Undersigned.

K. G. DESAI, L. C. E.,
Executive Engineer, Presidency.
Bombay, 3rd April, 1900.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.
NOTICE.
SPECIAL EXPRESS TRAIN FOR NERAL, KHANDALA AND LONAULI.

A SPECIAL EXPRESS TRAIN for NERAL, KHANDALA and LONAULI will LEAVE VICTORIA TERMINUS on SATURDAY, the 14th April and a RETURN EXPRESS TRAIN will LEAVE LONAULI for Victoria Terminus on TUESDAY, the 17th April, 1900, as under,—

ON SATURDAY.			ON TUESDAY.		
Bombay Victoria Terminus	D.	15 25	Lonauli	D.	7 15
Neral	A.	16 39	Khandala	A.	7 24
Do.	D.	16 41	Do.	D.	7 27
Khandala	A.	16 16	Neral	A.	8 52
Do.	D.	18 19	Do.	D.	8 55
Lonauli	A.	18 31	V. T. Bombay	A.	10 10

Passengers and luggage will be booked at Ordinary Fares and Rates.
Intending Passengers should Register their Seats at the Victoria Terminus in due time.
The Ordinary Poona Passenger (2-30) on that date will probably be full and inconvenience would be avoided if these Special Trains are availed of.

A. MUIRHEAD,
General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, the 5th of April, 1900.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.
NOTICE.
EASTER HOLIDAYS.

FIRST and SECOND CLASS PASSENGERS who desire to travel from Bombay on the G. I. P. system during the Easter Holidays, will oblige and reduce the risk of inconvenience if intimation of the date and Train it is proposed to use is given to the Station Master, Victoria Terminus.

A. MUIRHEAD,
General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, the 5th of April, 1900

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.
TENDERS FOR THE PURCHASE OF STORES NOT FURTHER REQUIRED.
CONSISTING OF, IRON WATER PIPES, STEEL AXLES, GIRDERS, BOLTS, NUTS, RIVETS, COACH SCREWS, POINTS AND CROSSINGS.

THE AGENT is prepared to receive Tenders at his Office Victoria Terminus, Bombay up to 1 p.m. (Gun Fire) on WEDNESDAY, the 25th day of April, 1900, for the purchase of above, which can be seen on application to the Undersigned.
TENDERS.—(a) Tenders must be made on the Company's authorized forms, which can be had on application to the Undersigned.
TERMS.—The sum of Rs. 200 must accompany each Tender Form as a guarantee of good faith in due fulfilment of Contract, failing in which shall entail the forfeiture of the deposit without the Company having to prove anything by the transaction.
(b) The material must be removed at once.
NOTE.—The Agent does not bind himself to accept the Highest or any Tender.

G. R. WEBB,
General Storekeeper.
General Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 5th April, 1900.

THOS. COOK AND SON.
BANKERS AND AGENTS.

CURRENT and FIXED DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at rates to be learned on application.
LOANS granted and OVERDRAFTS allowed against Negotiable Security.
DRAFTS and Circular Notes issued and Amounts transmitted by Telegram. PERIODICAL REMITTANCES regularly despatched.
LIFE, FIRE and ACCIDENT ASSURANCES effected and Premiums paid.
BOMBAY. CALCUTTA. RANGOON.

John Roberts & Co. Ltd.
FOR HIGH CLASS INEXPENSIVE
FURNITURE. ILLUSTRATIONS FREE.

J. NEUBERG,
51, ESPLANADE ROAD,
BOMBAY.
DAY LIGHT LOADING.
KODAK CAMERAS AND SPOOLS.

CAMERAS.

	Rs. a.
POCKET KODAKS	22 0
FOLDING POCKET KODAKS	45 0
BULL'S EYE KODAKS No. 2	36 0
Do. do. No. 4	55 0
* BULLET do. No. 4	70 0
CARTRIDGE do. No. 4	115 0
GLASSPLATE attachments for Cartridge Kodak No. 4...	55 0

* Adapted for plates as well as films.

SPOOLS.

	Rs. a.
For POCKET KODAK, 12 Exp. ...Each	1 8
" FOLDING POCKET, 12 Exp. ...	2 8
" BULL'S EYE or BULLET KODAK. No. 2...	3 4
" Do. do. No. 4...	5 0
" CARTRIDGE KODAK. No. 4...	5 0

Developing and Printing undertaken.

J. NEUBERG,
1, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

R. SCOTT & CO., M. R. C. V. S.,
VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES.
Girgaum, and 222, Bellasis Road, Byculla,

CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and Carriage Horses Selected for Local and Up-country Constituents. Horses Shod on the most approved principles under Personal Supervision.
Horses broken to single (Rs. 15), and double Harness, (Rs.) and Saddle (Rs. 15). Rare Walers Charged extra Rs
Horses standing at Livery, or Commission Sale, or for treatment including Syce per measem 25
Commission on Horses bought or Sold 11
Examination and Certificate 16
Verbal opinion as to Soundness 5
CRUSHED FOOD OATS, BRAN Supplied &c.

REPORTS Petitions, Memorials, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude and at lowest rates. Special terms for large contracts. Apply to The Manager "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re 1, each succeeding line, As 8. No Trade Advertisements are admitted under this Scale.

SOUVENIR SILVER TEA SPOON of BOMBAY.—Momentos of the City of Bombay. The handle carries the Municipal Coat of Arms, cased in dozens, half dozens and quarter dozens, and can be had singly without cases.—MARCUS and Co., Ltd., Bombay and Poona.

VATCHA BROS' CYCLE FACTORY, known as Bombay Cycle Works, etc., is the first and foremost for repairing, enameling and nickelplating cycles. Meadows Street, Girgaum, Byculla.

INFLUENZA.—A certain, prompt and safe remedy is "Tamarind Cough Balsam." It relieves at once by dissolving the congealed phlegm and promoting expectoration. Re. 1 Per bottle.—THOMSON and TAYLOR, 35, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

FRESH AUSTRALIAN APPLES JUST ARRIVED.—Rs. 15 per case or Re. 1-12 per dozen. Apply to C. H. B. FORBES & Co., Ice Factory, Ballard Pier.

FOR SALE—English VICTORIA with Rubber Tyres and B. W. HORSE. Also Swift BICYCLE. Owner going Home. Apply "S." care of this paper.

FOR SALE 1 D.-B C.-F. 577 EXPRESS by Daw and Co. Rs. 250 1 D. B.-C.-F. 450 EXPRESS by Holland, Rs. 200 1 MAUSER RIFLE by Rigby. Rs. 300. Apply "S." care of this paper.

100 RUPEES PRIZE.—Open to every body, nothing to pay. Apply for terms to The SINGER MANUFACTURING Co., 5, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

CYCLING STOCKINGS.—Fine Ribbed Woollen with Fancy Tops, thin feet, from Rs. 4-8 per pair Cycling Garters, Cycling Knickers, from Rs. 12-8. Soft White Cycling Sweaters, etc.—ASQUITH & LORD, Apollo Street.

A YOUNG LADY desires an ENGAGEMENT as GOVERNESS; English, Mathematics, French, Latin, Drawing and Music, (Piano and Violin) address "C. N. S." care of this Paper.

BROMIDE ENLARGEMENTS Rs. 10! only. The "Speciality" 11x8, Mounted 18x14, Likeness guaranteed. Superior finish. Send originals to DEL TUFO and Co., Mount Road, Madras.

A MAGNIFICENT BUNGLOW with one story to be let at Santa Cruz 3 minutes from station. Apply to GOVINDJEE MADHOWJEE, & Co., 121, Meadow street, Fort.

TO BE LET.—The THIRD FLAT of the PHEROZE BUILDING, next to Yacht Club Chambers commanding excellent view of the harbour. For Rent and other particulars, apply to Mr. ARDESHER BHICAJI PATELL, care of A. Bhicaji & Co., Jewellers, Apollo Bunder.

TO BE LET.—Furnished BUNGALOW at MATHERAN.—Apply to MUKHI CASSAMBHAI MOOSA, Manager to H. H. Sir Aga Khan, Jail Road.

PHOTOGRAPHY.—WANTED SPOTTERS and a MOUNTER ASSISTANT. Apply Manager, RAJA DEEN DAYAL & SONS, Fort, Bombay.

WANTED,—OLD BOOKS on INDIA and the EAST. Scarce Oriental Works are much appreciated. Send list with reasonable prices to J. GHORE and SONS, Book Collectors of Calcutta. Present temporary address, Indore Residency.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE to BOMBAY.—Historical, Statistical and Descriptive. Contains valuable information. Revised and corrected up to date. Price Rs. 5, with postage Rs. 5-4. For sale at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

FLAT.—WANTED immediately small Flat, Colaba Causeway or neighbourhood. Address stating rent.—"G." care of this Office.

WILL FORMS of DIFFERENT KINDS, Price 8 Annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office

£2.000,000 POLICIES were issued by the STANDARD in 1898 being the largest amount in the History of the Company. —Apply STANDARD LIFE OFFICE, Bombay.

RECEIVED, the famous Minstrel Organs with Pneumatic Levers and Suction Bellows, Expressly made to our order in London by Messrs. Murdoch and Co., with 3 Music Rolls and Case. Rs. 65.—STEFFENAUER and Co., Fort, Bombay.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—Being a Selection of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS done in VERSE after the manner of various other great Poetsby W. E. H. PRICE. Re. 18. Postage Annas 4. To be had at this Office.

OLIVER & CO., WATCHMAKERS and MUSICAL DEPOT, High Class Standard Watches in all sizes, for Ladies and Gentlemen. Received English Watches by J. W. BENSON, LONDON, in open faced Silver cases, Rs. 50 and Rs. 60. Celestinas, Phoenix, Intona, Aristons, and Hand Organs of every description Repaired and Tuned. Musical boxes of every description Thoroughly Overhauled, Repaired, Cleaned and Old Barrels and Old Combs renewed. Pianos, Orchestrean, Harmoniums put in Thorough repair and Overhauled by Experienced and Trained workmen. All Repairs are well and carefully examined before despatching Repairs undertaken in all Branches. A Trained Watchmaker has been specially engaged from P. Orr and Sons, Ld., Watchmakers, MADRAS. No. 4, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY GUIDE.—An indispensable Book for Travellers.—In India and the East, contains the Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, the Steamer Route in India, and the Eastern Seas, and other useful information. Price, 8 Annas. Coloured Map of India revised from Official Sources. To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office and at all Booksellers and Railway Terminus.

WM. HUTCHINSON and Co., East India Merchants and Agents, undertake all Agency business, 1, Trafalgar Buildings Charing Cross, London.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 28 pages of the "Pall Mall Budget" size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged. Army Orders &c, Indian Subscription Rs. 12 per year, free of Postage, English Subscription. Rs. 15 per year including Postage.

GENUINE AMERICAN SNOWFLAKE OIL, 150°, sold by STANDARD OIL Co., of New York, at their Godowns, at Mazagon, and by Messrs. Kemp and Co., Ld., Messrs. Phillips and Co., Ld., and Messrs. Currimbhai Hirji, at Rs. 5-6-2 per case, at Bombay, and by Mr. J.C. Bhut, at Rs. 6-1-2 per case, at Bandora.

FORMS of POWER of ATTORNEY, Neatly printed, Price 4 Annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

"A GOOD NAME AT HOME is a Tower of Strength Abroad." This truth has been perfectly verified by the history of BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE AND PILLS which effected their first cures in Bombay and India, where they are made and where they still have the largest sale. They are universally recognised as the best remedies for Malarious, Bilious, and Influenza fevers and mild forms of Plague. Batliwalla's Ague Mixture and Pills, and Batliwalla & Co's. Cholerol are sold every where at Re. 1 per bottle, less trade discount. Sole Manufacturer, Dr. BATLIWALLA, Warli, Dadar and Bombay.

BOMBAY GAZETTE Bi-Weekly edition.—Issued on Thursday and Saturday, giving all the News and Telegrams up to date. Subscription per Annum, Rs. 12; Half-yearly Rs. 6; Quarterly Rs. 3 for Subscribers in Bombay Rs. 12 to the Mofussil, postage extra.

MOSQUITO-BITE LOTION.—The application of this Lotion soothes the pain, reduces the swelling, and relieves the irritation arising from the Sting of these venomous little insects. Per bottle, Re. 1.—THOMSON & TAYLOR, 35, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

"LINSEED COMPOUND," Trade Mark of KAY'S COMPOUND ESSENCE OF LINSEED.

"LINSEED COMPOUND," a demulcent expectorant for Coughs and Colds.

LINUM CATHARTICUM PILLS, digestive, corrective and agreeably aperient.

KAY'S CUE CEMENT.—Tips Billiard Cues firmly. "Your Cement is the best I have ever used."—JN. ROBERTS (Champion), 1868.

COAGULINE.—Transparent Cement for Broken Articles.

INDIAN INDUSTRY.
Being a Reprint of Two Letters to the
"Bombay Gazette."
And a Lecture by
BEAUCLERK,
Price 8 Annas.
CAN BE HAD AT
THE OFFICE OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE";
Messrs. THACKER and Co., Ld., Bombay.
Messrs. THACKER, SPINK and Co., Calcutta
Messrs. HIGGINBOTHAM and Co., Madras.

CLOSING OF THE LISTS FOR INDIA.

THE sale of THE TIMES Reprint of the ENCYCLOPAEDIA BRITANNICA was, from the beginning, a remarkable departure from the old traditions of book-selling. The "Academy," in its issue of the 11th of last June, described the publication of the Reprint as the "literary phenomenon of the day." And if the offer in its original form was a surprise to the public, the opportunity, which THE TIMES now offers to the public, is of an even more unusual character.

The value of the reprint is vastly increased by the announcement that a supplement is now in course of preparation, and will, as soon as it has been completed, be sold to purchasers of the Reprint at a much lower price than to the general public. In other words the one imperfection in the work is about to be remedied. The first volume of the Ninth Edition was originally published in 1875 and the last volume in 1889. The publication of the supplementary volumes will serve to fill all the gaps which the events of the more recent years have caused. The whole work will be to all intents and purposes a work published in 1899, a complete record of this century as well as of all the preceding centuries.

In the meantime, however, the time for discontinuing the special offer to residents in India has arrived. On the 11th April, this offer will be finally withdrawn and residents in India will no longer be able to secure the "Encyclopædia Britannica" upon the monthly payment plan and with the advantage of free delivery in Calcutta or Bombay.

THE FORTHCOMING SUPPLEMENT.

The ENCYCLOPAEDIA BRITANNICA, since the publication of its first edition in 1771, has taken the position of the leading work of reference in the English language, if not in the world.

The Ninth Edition was prepared under the editorship of Dr. Robertson Smith. The first volume was published in 1875, but it was not till 14 years later, in 1889, that this edition was completed by the issue of the 25th volume.

The reprint by THE TIMES of this edition has shown that, though all of it necessarily ignored the events of the last ten years and much of it those of the last quarter of a century, there was a very large public who regarded it as an indispensable adjunct to a library.

The articles up to the date at which each was written gave a compendium of information on every subject in a form more easily available and more completely trust-worthy than any similar publication; but the world moves fast, and the necessity of remedying its one defect has become daily more apparent.

By an arrangement made with Messrs. Adam and Charles Black, the proprietors of the ENCYCLOPAEDIA BRITANNICA, THE TIMES has acquired the right of publishing a supplement to the Ninth Edition. This supplement is now in course of preparation and will be offered to the purchasers of THE TIMES Reprint of the Ninth Edition at a much lower price than to the general public. Each article treated of in the Ninth Edition will be brought up to date, biographical notices of eminent persons deceased since the publication of the Ninth Edition will be added, as also special articles on countries and subjects which have come into prominence during the interval.

It will be edited by Sir Donald Mackenzie Wallace, K. C. I. E., assisted by a competent staff and by the leading specialists on the different subjects which will require treatment.

It is hoped that the publication of THE TIMES Supplement will be completed before the end of the present year.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES.

Sir,—Our attention has been called to a paragraph which seems to imply that we are making preparations for the issue, in about four years, of a Tenth Edition of the ENCYCLOPAEDIA BRITANNICA. We think it only fair to the public to state definitely that no steps of the sort have been taken, and that, under our existing arrangement with THE TIMES, we cannot commence taking any for many years to come.

Believe us, Sir,
Yours very truly,
A. and C BLACK.

SOHO-SQUARE, LONDON, W., March, 3.

THE TIMES REPRINT: UNABRIDGED AND UNALTERED.

The Ninth Edition of the ENCYCLOPAEDIA BRITANNICA, completed in 1889, which THE TIMES has reprinted, is the most complete and perfect form of the ENCYCLOPAEDIA BRITANNICA which is universally recognized as the most complete and perfect of works of reference. THE TIMES Reprint is in every respect the same as the copies already sold at the higher price; it is what book-sellers call a new impression, not a changed edition. There has been no condensation, no abridgment, no omission. Every word, every illustration, every map, every element of value is preserved intact; there is not the most minute cheapening of the product to effect against the remarkable diminution of the price.

PRICES AND TERMS

UPON WHICH THE ENCYCLOPAEDIA BRITANNICA MAY BE OBTAINED BY THOSE WHO APPLY AT ONCE.

Delivered Free in Calcutta or Bombay.

CASH PAYMENT PRICES.		MONTHLY PAYMENT PRICES.	
Cloth binding [The Publisher's Price was £ 37]	Rs. 280	Cloth binding—16 Monthly Payments of Rs. 20 Each.	
Half Morocco [The Publisher's Price was £ 45]	Rs. 340	Half Morocco (which we recommend)—19 Monthly Payments of Rs. 20 Each.	
Full Morocco [The Publisher's Price was £ 65]	Rs. 460	Full Morocco—26 Monthly Payments of Rs. 20 will be required.	

If the Revolving Bookcase is desired, the sum of Rs. 70 should be added to above prices.

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If the purchaser sends a cheque for the full amount at the Cash price shown above no Order Form need be used. The form which follows is for the use of purchasers who prefer to make monthly payments."

MONTHLY PAYMENTS ORDER FORM.

All Cheques and money-orders should be made payable to H. E. HOOPER, and sent with signed Order Form, to 5 A, Dalhousie Square, Calcutta, or 53, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

To
THE MANAGER, "THE TIMES" (LONDON). [Date]... .....

I enclose Rs. 20. Please send me the "Encyclopædia Britannica" [9th Edition], bound in { Cloth, Price Rs. 320. / Half Morocco, price Rs. . / Full Morocco, price Rs. } "Strike out two of these lines."
the balance of which sum I agree to pay you or anyone you appoint, at the rate of Rs. 20 per month, my next payment upon delivery of the complete 25 volumes, and my succeeding payments on the corresponding day of each month following. Until such payments are complete, I engage that the volumes, not being my property, shall not be disposed of by sale or otherwise. I further agree that if owing to unforeseen circumstances, of which you shall be the judge, the volumes cannot be delivered, the return of this deposit of Rs. 20 to me shall cancel this agreement.

Please also send a REVOLVING BOOKCASE, for which I agree to make four further monthly payments of Rs. 20 each, after the payments for the book are completed. } "Strike out if bookcase not desired."

[Signed]..... .....
[Address].....

Free delivery is granted in Calcutta and Bombay. Books for Mofussil subscribers will be delivered to Railway Company for shipment, bearing charges from Calcutta or Bombay to the address given. Books are delivered to subscribers carefully packed in a tin-lined case.

THE REVOLVING BOOKCASE—For the accommodation of purchasers a compact revolving bookcase will be supplied to purchasers of THE TIMES Reprint of the ENCYCLOPAEDIA BRITANNICA. The conditions of sale are stated above.

SPECIMEN PAGES FREE BY POST.—A pamphlet, containing specimen pages and brief extracts from the work, will be sent, post free, upon application. Specimen volumes in the different styles of binding may be examined and orders booked at 5A, Dalhousie Square, Calcutta, and 53, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

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SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

THE SALE of landed property in Mirza Alli Mehomed khan Street, otherwise called old Nagpada and now called Mahomedkhan Pakhady, advertised to take place to-day is POSTPONED until further intimation.

IMPORTANT TO TAILORS, DRAPERS AND OTHERS.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 6th and TOMORROW SATURDAY, the 7th instant at 2 p.m. each day Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Rampart Row, opposite the Esplanade Hotel, by order of the concerned, the remaining stock-in-trade of Mr. Joosab Abba, (Cheap Jack and Co.) Tailor and Outfitter, consisting of woollen, cotton and marino ladies and gents' socks and stockings, gurnseys, woollen belly bands ellwood, white and brown hats, neckties, shirts, steel trunks, hat boxes, buttons, silk and cotton thread, boots and shoes, ready made suits, embroidered table covers, etc.
The above will be sold in small lots to suit buyers, and is on view.

SALE OF 1340 BAGS RANGOON HULWA RICE.

THIS DAY FRIDAY, the 6th instant, at 12 p.m. Messrs CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at Carnac Bunder, in cocoanut godown, No. 18 by order of Messrs. Dharsey Ghaila & Co. and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Shamji Gordhan & Co.
670 bags Rangoon Hulwa rice, mill cleaned, in bags of 6 maunds.
A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On SUNDAY, the 8th inst., at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the "Macaulay Lodge," Beach Road, Bandora, the very valuable and handsome substantial blackwood and teakwood dining, drawing and bed-room furniture made to order; also open carved blackwood furniture, rich Bohemian glassware, Carlsbad porcelain dinner, dessert and breakfast services complete, plated ware, incandescent and candle chandeliers, pier glasses, Brussels carpets, Dresden figures, under domes, marble, and brass clocks, musical boxes, brass bedsteads, Enclish and Australian safes, cinematograph with 22 films by Watson and Treacher, 2 Dunlop tyres pneumatic bicycles, English made rubber-tyred vis-a-vis, handsome light gig and landau made to order, etc., the property of FAZULBHAI JAN MAMOMED, Esq.
Catalogues are published, and the property is on view.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY, the 9th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following:—
Furniture such as cupboards, tables, chairs, writing, dressing and wash-hand tables, book and hat stands, etc.
1 mahogany cottage piano, by Soundy, in good order.
1 D.B. Pin Fire gun by Madley, London, with case and implements.
12 cases 15 11-12 doz. bottles blue-black copying ink, 32 oz.
3 " 4 doz. bottles blue-black writing ink, 24 oz.
6 " 12 doz bottles blue-black writing ink, 16 oz.
4 " 11 6/8 bottles blue-black writing ink, 8 oz.
By order of the concerned and on account and at the risk of Mr. Khakibhoy Pudumsey:—
K.P. 14852-54—3 cases glass teapoys, etagers and mirrors.
" 21450-21453—2 cases parts of chandeliers.
" 16446—1 case plates.
" 27711—1 case glass dishes.
" 27373—1 case parts of chandeliers.
" 21648-21650—3 cases parts of chandeliers.
AT 2 P.M.
The property of the late Jamsetjee Cursetjee Cama, Esq., Solicitor—
1 handsome English-built landau by Windover, London, with a showy and fast chestnut waler horse and plated single harness.
Also several pneumatic bicycles by different makers.
1 second-hand pony-cart,
1 " victoria,
1 serviceable double-seated trougham.
1 strong-built office shigram.
1 bay waler gelding 15-2, trained to saddle and harness.
And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

HIGH COURT,
Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.
Suit No. 245 of 1899.
Nusserwanjee Rustomjee Chowksey ..... Plaintiff.
vs.
Framjee Hosangjee Kharas and others ..... Defendants.

Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, on their respective premises, on SATURDAY, the 7th instant, the undermentioned valuable landed properties by order of Messrs. Nusserwanjee Rustomjee Chowksey and Framjee Hosangjee Kharas, the surviving Trustees of a Gujerati writing of settlement, dated 17th July, 1889, made by one Hosangjee Hormusjee Kharas, and in pursuance of the directions contained in the Decree made in the above suit, bearing date the 9th day of September, 1897.

LOT NO. 1 AT 4 P.M.
All those 3 several pieces of Foras freehold new salt batty ground, situate at the proposed Foras Road, near the Textile Mill in the City of Bombay, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under new Survey Nos. 2697 and 2-63, assessed by the Bombay Municipality under ward No. 3637 and street No. 102, all which pieces of land containing by admeasurement 30,030 square yards or thereabouts, one of which pieces is bounded on or towards the east in part by the property of K. A. Wadia, in part by the property of Sir D. M. Petit, Bart., and in part by the property of Cashnath Dewjee Dhuru, on or towards the west in part by the said properties of the said Sir D. M. Petit, Bart. and C. D. Dhuru and in part by the property of N. N. Wadia, on or towards the north by the proposed Foras Road, and on or towards the south by the property of the New Century Mill, the second of which pieces is bounded on or towards the east by the property bearing new survey No. 2963 on or towards the west by the property of Sir D. M. Petit, Bart., on or towards the north by a public water drain and on or towards the south by the proposed Foras Road; and the third of which pieces of land is bounded on or towards the east partly by the property of the said Sir D. M. Petit Bart., on or towards the west and north by a public water drain and on or towards the south by the proposed Foras Road.

LOT NO. 2 AT 5 P.M.
All that piece of Foras freehold new salt batty ground situate at DeLisle Road, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under new Survey Nos. 2947 and 2948, and assessed by the Bombay Municipality under ward No. 2344-5 and street Nos. 550 and 552, containing by admeasurement 5702 square yards more or less and bounded on or towards the east by the DeLisle Road on or towards the west by the Wadia Mill, on or towards the north partly by a tank and on or towards the south by the property of Antonio Manoel Lobs.
For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Mr. N. M. Cama, Solicitor at his office, No. 16, Oak Lane, Fort, or to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.
Bombay, 6th April, 1900.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF COTTON.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 6th inst. at 3 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at Colaba in Soonderji Kashawji's Jatha by order of Mr. Jitmul Kunialal and on account and risk of Dewkinund Hiharimul.
100 full pressed bales Broach Machine-ginned cotton (good class).
A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

TO-MORROW SATURDAY, the 7th instant, at 1 p.m. Messrs. BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell, by Public Auction, at the Ridge, Malabar Hill, the very valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished plain and carved household furniture made to order of the latest design, best platedware, very rich crockery and glass ware, a handsome mahogany square piano by Schiedmayer and Soehne, first-rate pictures and oleographs, rich table ornaments, handsome China and Japanese vases, Ditmar's hanging and table kerosine lamps, handsome Brussels and velvet carpets, large iron and brass double and single bedsteads, etc., etc., the property of the Hon'ble Mr. John Nugent, C.S.I., I.C.S.
Catalogues are published, and the property is on view.

TO-MORROW SATURDAY, the 7th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece good, &c.
AT 1-30 P.M.
1 handsome strong victoria in very good order.
1 second hand glass fronted miniature brougham.
1 strong built dog cart in good order.
1 grey Arab, 14 hands, quiet in harness.
1 bay pony quiet in harness and saddle.
1 second-hand strong mail phaeton in good order.
1 handsome strong well bred brown Arab galloway, 7 years, broke to saddle and harness, free from vice.
1 Second-hand English-built strong landau, by "Kisterton."

BONA-FIDE SALE.

Under instructions from Edaljee Sorabjee Davar, Esq., and Rustomjee Ardesher Spencer, Esq., the executors of Bai Pirozbai, widow of Dhunjibhoy Dossabhoy Mama, deceased, Messrs BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction on SUNDAY, the 8th day of April next, at 1 p.m., at Gilder Street, Grant Road, the whole of the household furniture, glass and crockeryware, plateware, a large mahogany musical box, a rosewood sqare piano, one large English clock showing dates and months and strikes hours and half-hours, by "Rimmel," London, very old China jars, globe lamps, ornamented gilt clocks, sets of plated mounted double harness, cooking utensils, &c., &c.
The above is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF WALERS.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO SECURE FIRST CLASS HORSES AT A CHEAP RATE.

Under instructions, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will, on MONDAY, the 9th instant, at 3-30 p.m., sell by Public Auction, at Sirdar Omer Jamal's stable, at Belasis Road, Byculla, to the highest bidder, the following horses imported by Mr. C. G. BALDOCK.
About 30 walers, consisting of chargers, hunters, thorough bred pair and single harness horses and ponies.
The horses are on view.

On MONDAY, the 9th instant, at 1 p.m Messrs. BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Mount Pleasant Road, Malabar Hill, at the "Rydal Mount," the valuable and handsome teak and blackwood household furniture of the latest design, dining, drawing, office and bed room furniture by "John Roberts," "Dewjee Canjee and others," rich glass and crockeryware, best platedware, K. O. Hink's table and hanging lamps, Persian and Brussels carpets, China and majolica table ornaments, English black marble fifteen days clock by Favre Leuba, nearly new, solid iron frame mahogany cottage piano by Rose and Co. very little used, one comfortable light vis-a-vis with bay waler horse and harness, etc., etc., the property of COUNT PFIEL (German Imperial Consul), proceeding to England.
Catalogues are published, and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

On WEDNESDAY, the 11th inst., at 3 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will sell by Public Auction on the premises the building materials of a bungalow at Camatipoora, Foras Road, standing on Bombay Tramway Company's land.
A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & Co.
Bombay, 6th April, 1900.

BANKS.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL.....£1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£562,5000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS £562,500

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.
LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, KURRACHEE COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG and SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.
The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter periods to be ascertained on application.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Manager.
22, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

THE COMMERCIAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:—CALCUTTA.
BRANCHES:—BOMBAY, KARACHI, LONDON. MADRAS, RANGOON AND RAWAL PINDEE.
SUB-AGENCY:—MURREE, (April to October.)
CAPITAL PAID UP—Rs. 40,00,000.
RESERVE FUND...— " 1,00,000.

RATES OF INTEREST allowed are as under—
STERLING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS for home remittances 4 per cent. per annum.
FIXED DEPOSITS:—
9 to 12 months, 5 per cent. per annum.
2 years at 5½ per cent. per annum.
3 years at 6 per cent. per annum.
The Bank will also at the Head Office or at any of the Branches in India, transfer sums for DEPOSIT in London, carrying interest from date of transfer in India.
Special Rates are given for SHORT PERIOD DEPOSITS. At present they are—
For 2 and 3 months, at 5 per cent, per annum.
Sums as small as Rs. 10 are received into the Bank's PRUDENTIAL FUND, bearing half-yearly compound interest at 5 per cent. per annum.
Cheques, Bills, Hundies and Currency Notes of any Circle are collected and credited free of charge in the above INTEREST DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS receive 2 per cent. per annum upon the daily balances.

Apply for RULES to HEAD OFFICE or BRANCHES.
By Order of the Board,
F. D. STRANACK,
Manager.
Bombay, 1st February, 1900.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital.....	$ 100,00,000
Reserve Fund	$ 115,00,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG:
SIR THOMAS JACKSON, *Chief Manager*
London Bankers.—LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.,
LONDON COMMITTEE:
WM. ANASTASIUS JONES, Esq., (Director of the London and County Banking Co., Limited.)
CARL MEYER, Esq., (Director, National Bank, Egypt).
G. R. NOBLE, Esq., 34 Inverness Terrace, Bayswater, W.
WM. GAIR RATHBORN, Esq., (Director, Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co.
EWEN CAMERON, JOHN WALTER, } Managers.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES
LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

AMOY.	HANKOW.	PENANG.
BANGKOK.	HIOGO.	RANGOON.
BATAVIA.	ILOILO.	SAIGON.
BOMBAY.	LYONS.	SANFRANCISCO
CALCUTTA.	MANILA.	SINGAPORE.
COLOMBO.	NAGASAKI.	SOURABAYA.
FOOCHOW.	NEW YORK.	TIENTSIN.
HAMBURG.	PEKING.	YOKOHAMA.

BOMBAY AGENCY.
CURRENT D

NOTICES.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

A DIVIDEND has been declared for the Half-year ended 31st December, 1899, at the Rate of Eight per cent., per annum, and will be payable on and after the 5th instant, to the Proprietors registered in the Books of the Bank on the 27th ultimo.

By Order of the Board,

H. CHALMERS,
Manager.

Bombay, 3rd April, 1900.

NOTICE.

SIRDAR OOMER JUMAL VUYANI begs to announce that his GRAIN CLEANING and CRUSHING FACTORY under the management of Mr. G. G. Craig will be OPENED on April 15th. Orders for Crushed Horse Food, Gram, Barley, Oats, etc., will receive prompt attention.

ADDRESS—SIRDAR OOMER JUMAL VUYANI, 196. BELLASIS ROAD, BYCULLA, BOMBAY.

RARE OPPORTUNITY

FOR THE RULING CHIEFS AND NOBLES OF INDIA.

HAVING fortunately secured the RARE and UNIQUE WORK on HAMILTON'S GENEALOGIES of all Indian Princes, Nobles, Heroes, etc., etc., it is now offered FOR SALE. Mr. Craig of London says that 50 copies of the work were printed only for the Crowned Heads of Europe and Learned Societies in 1819 at Edinburgh. In 1883 at the Bandwicke sale a similar copy was sold for £75. The work is printed on parchmentlike paper, folio size. Superbly bound. Incased in a beautiful box with lock and key. No library in India, it is presumed, has got it. The Chiefs and the Premier Princes of India who have valuable and interesting libraries in their States will find the copy as an useful and valuable addition. The pair including charges being only £50.

Orders are respectfully solicited at the earliest date possible, as it is presumed, it may be sold any time, by J. GHOSE and SONS, Book Collectors of Calcutta, Present temporary address, Indore Residency.

VACUUM OIL COMPANY,

OF

ROCHESTER & OLEAN, N. Y., U. S. A.

THE HEAD OFFICES for the East, have THIS DAY, been REMOVED to The Old SECRETARIAT, Apollo Street, Bombay.

F. J. PARROTT,
General Manager for East.

Bombay, March 31st, 1900.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Undersigned at 12 noon, on the 9th April, 1900, for the FEED for two years of the Horses belonging to the General Post Office.

2. Tenderers should specify the rate per month for each horse.

3. A deposit of Rs. 500 must accompany each Tender which will be forfeited to Government in the event of the party whose tender may be accepted failing to fulfil the Contract.

4. No reason will be assigned for the rejection of any tender.

5. The conditions of the Contract Deed and all other particulars may be learnt by personal application at the General Post Office between the hours of 11 A.M. and 4 P.M.

WM. MERRETT,
Presidency Postmaster.

Bombay, General Post Office, 15th March, 1900.

JOHN FLEMING & CO.,

BOMBAY,

AGENTS FOR

THE SILICATE PAINT CO., LD., CHARLTON,

Prices and Particulars on application

SUSPENSION BRIDGES.

Light Steel Rope Suspension Bridges up to 300ft. span by 10ft. wide. A Speciality.

Sole Agents for the India-Rubber, Gutta-percha, and Telegraph Works Co., Ld., Silvertown.

DYNAMOS, CABLES, LAMPS, AND ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER PLANT.

Estimates given for Electric Light and Power Installations.

AGENTS FOR

THE NEWELLITE GLASS TILE CO., Stocks of White and Coloured Tiles kept.

JOHN FLEMING & CO.,

ENGINEERS AND CONTRACTORS,

BOMBAY.

NEW PICTURES.

FOR THE NEW CENTURY, 1900,

JUST TO HAND.

	Rs.	a.
Alpine Climber, An—26in. by 32in.—K. Dielitz and Winter Breath Cause Cold and Chill (landscape) J. Farquharson	21	0
Arched Grotto, Ceptri Angus: Len 26 by 32	21	0
Art Wins Heart—26 by 32—Paul Thumann 26 by 32	21	0
At the Fountain—26 by 32—Sir F. Leighton, P. R. A. 26 by 32	21	0
Autumn Gold (landscape)—26 by 32—J. Farquharson, 26 by 32	21	0
Bride, The—Ed. Bisson 26 by 32	21	0
Champion, The (wild cattle from Chillingham) 26 by 32, Basil Bradley	...	
Charity (allegorical) L. Knaus 26 by 32	...	
Charles Dickens—26 by 32—Daniel Maclise, R.A.	...	
Christ in Gethsemane—26 by 32—J. M. H. Hofmann	...	
Cold Shoulder, The—26 by 32—(a Hunting incident) A. W. Strutt	...	
Corner in the Marketplace, A—26 by 32—Sir E. J. Poynter, R.A.	...	
Couple of the Oakley, A (hounds)—26 by 32—The Blinks	...	
Cromwell at Dunbar—26 by 32—A. C. Gow	...	
Curefor Gout, A—26 by 32—W. Dendy Sadler.	...	
Dancing Girl, A—Alb Von Keller, 26 by 32	...	
Dawn (allegorical) Frank Dicksee, 26 by 32	...	
Dejeunor (Pups, Kittens, Dicklings and Chicks) W. H. Frood, 26 by 32	...	
Desire of all Nations (The Wisemen doing homage to the Infant Christ	...	
Divider Affections—Arthur J. Elsley, 26 by 32	...	
Diadumena—Sir Ed. J. Poynter, R.A. 26 by 32	...	
Door of the Fold, The (Sacred subject) 26 by 32 Sybil C. Parker	...	
Elaine—J. M. Strudwick, 26 by 32	...	
Empty Chair, The (a stag hound)—26 by 32—Briton Rivers	...	
Faraglioni near Capri, The—26 by 32—August Len	...	
First Awekening of Eve, The—26 by 32—Val C. Princep	...	
Floreal—26 by 32—E. 26 by 32, Bisson	...	
Flowery May—26 by 32, L. Alma Tadema	...	
Foretaste of Summer, 26 by 32, L. C. Nightingale	...	
Four Seasons, The—26 by 32, Unknown	...	
Getting it Hot: (companion to the "cold shoulder") 26 by 32, A. W. Strutt	...	
"Gin a Body, Kiss a Body" 26 by 32, Maude Goodman	...	
Girl of the Period (lady with gun with a shooting party) 26 by 32, Heywood Hardy	...	
Golden Autumn (landscape) 26 by 32, Douglas Adams	...	
Golden Eve, A (companion to, above) 26 by 32, B. W. Leader	...	
Goodmorning, Mother Dear—26 by 32, E. Munser	...	
Goodbye—26 by 32, Arthur J. Usley	...	
Greek Slave—26 by 32 M. Nonsrenbench	...	
ard Pressed—26 by 32 (other with hounds in pursuit) A. Wardle	21	0
Hark to Towler (Hunting scene)—26 by 32, Companion to "Now Ride Lads"—Thos. Blinks	21	0
Heavy Load, A, 26 by 32, Forgan	21	0
"Hush" 26 by 32, Maude Goodman	21	0
For the Wine Seller—26 by 32, E. Grutzner	21	0
Iris, 26 by 32, W. A. Breaksperre	21	0
Our Village (a Hunting Morning) 30 by 40, Carter Read)	21	0

BOMBAY FINE ART GALLERY

D. B. DINSHAW & Co.,
ESPLANADE ROAD.

A BOON TO MEN.

A DESCRIPTIVE TREATISE ON THE MODERN AND SUCCESSFUL TREATMENT OF NERVOUS DISEASES AND PHYSICAL DEBILITY IN MEN including Premature Exhaustion and Loss of Vital Energy, with other allied affections, by local absorption. Revised and in progress, with the most advanced researches in the subject. Sent, in a plain sealed envelope, free of charge, —S. NORTON, 59 and 60, CHANCERY LANE, LONDON ENGLAND. Established 30 Years.

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half Yearly Divid.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	10 p. c. 1 bon.	1,245
Bank of Bengal	40,000	00	all	10 pr. ct.	1,175
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	10 pr. ct.	1,160
Commercial Bank of India.	10,000 / 15,000	100	100 / 75	6 p.c.	80
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	1,00,000	25	all	3 pr. ct.	80
Charter Bank	40,000	£20	£20	10 pr. ct.	£291-2
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	80,000	dol. 125	all	£1-10-0	£671
National Bank of India	40,000	£25	£12 1-2	3 pr. ct.	

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. R. Consolidated Stock	...	£2100	...	...	...
B. B. & C. I. R. Co. New £12 Shares	...	£10	...	...	...
Ahmedabad Prantej Ry.	500	00	...	4 pr. ct.	5921-2xd
Tapti Valley Ry. Co.	500	500	...	4 pr. ct.	477½

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

				Half yearly.	
Ahmedabad Advantage	70	1,000	000	Nil	...
Alliance	1,500	1,100	all	0	205
Anglo-Indian	1,345			Nil	22
Assur Yeerjee Mill Ltd.	In all 2000 Shares of which 1002 have been allotted.	Rs. 500 each	Fully paid up	Rs. 25 12 1-2	nom.
Aurangabad S & M. Co. Ld.		1,000	1,000	...	60
Ballary S. & W. Co., Ld. (Bellary)	500	1,000	000	...	90
Britannia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvdRs.5	300
Bombay Woollen Manfg. Co. Ltd	650	1,000	1,000	10 per ct.	1,009
Central India	1,000	500	50	dvdRs.50	1,775
China Mills Co. Ld.	800	1,000	1,00	dvdRs.8.	465
City of Bombay Mills	800	1,000	1,00	dvdRs.2.	575
Coimbatore S. and W.	6,000	100	00	9 pr ct.	1
Connaught Mills	600	500	500	25	535
Colaba Land & Mills	4,500	700	...	Rs. 10	385
Cooria Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 2.	360
Currimbhoy Mills	80	1,000	1,000	dvdRs60	675
David Mill	1,400	500	500	dvdRs30	320
Dhulia Ginning and Pressing Co. Ld.	400	250	all	dvdRs20	255
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	100
Empress	2,100	500	500	Nil	302½
Framjee Petit.	1,250	1,000	1,000	Nil	280
Hindustan	575	1,000	1,000	Nil	290
Hingunghat Mills	700	500	500	40	670
Howard and Bulloughs	1,500	500	500	50	820
Hope Mills	500	1,000	1,000	30	550
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	20	1,220xd
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500	Nil	185
Indian Manfg.	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd 30	400
India-China Manufacturing Co., Ld.	700	1,000	1,000	dvdRs 50	400
James Greaves	1,100	500	500	25	465
Jaffer Alli	600	500	500	dvdRs 20	250
Jamshed Manufacturing Co.	1,800	250	250	dvd 5	10xd
Jewraj Balloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	no dvd	130xd
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld.	8,430	1,000	1,000	20	300
Khandesh	7,500	1,500	1,000	dvdRs65	650
Khangaum Manfg. Co.	1,000	250	250	65	500xd
Khatao Mackunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvdRs25	400
Krishna Mills Ld.	1,218	500	..	dvdRs.82	57
Leopold	3,500	100	108	dvdRs.5	105
Lord Reay Mfg.	445	1,000	1,000	30	200
Lakmidas Spinning & Weaving Co.	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs 30	550
Madhavji United	356	1,000	1,000	Rs 100	2,700
Mahalaxmee	600	1,000	1,000	Nil	76
Mahboob Shah Mills (Gulburga)	3,400	500	500	5 pr ct.	...
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	1,000	dvd 60	1700
Mohanlal K. Parekh G & Mfg Co. Ld., Amraoti	300	100	115	dvdRs15	...
Mazagon	5,000	250	...	dvdRs. 5	3737
Morarji Goculdass	1,050	1,000	1,000	dvdRs15	1430
Mysore S & M. Co., Ld.	4,000	250	250	dvdRs15	200
Madhu Mills	7,779	100	100	Nil	...
National	500	1,000	1,000	Nil	pa 52
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	170
Oriental	15,725	625	25	dvd Nil	10
Presidency Mills Co. (Ld).	742	1,	1,000	dvdRs50	585
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs30	550 pl 15
Ripon Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Nil	700 pl 35
Saraswati Mills	1,250	500	500	Nil	500
Sassoon	1,500	1,000	1,000	dvdRs20	500
Sholapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	dvdRs75	1850
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	Rs30	325
Southern India	1,000	500	500	Nil	185
Southern Mahratta	1,212	250	250	dvRs 12½	245
Sun Mills, Ld.	1,300	250	250	Rs. 15	225
Standard Mills Co.	1,000	500	500	15	180
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	to
Swadeshi Mills	4,000	500	500	dvdRs22½	535
Sassoon and Alliance	3,000	500	500	dvdRs 2.	295
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co.	500	1,000	1,000	50	
Union Mills Ld.	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvdRs20	25
Venishunker Lukhmishunker Mill Co. Ld.	900	500	500	dvdRs40	410xd
Victoria Mills	550	1,000	1,000	Nil	2
Western India	1,200	1,000	1,000	dvdRs50	225
Wadhwan City Ginning Pressing & Manufacturing Co., Ld.	400	50	all	dvdR-	2
Wadia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	si	...

MISCELLANEOUS.

				Half yearly	
Alcock Ashdown	1,750	100	100	dvd Rs5	175
Back Bay Baths	500	50	50	12	35
Badham Pile	5,000	100	100	12 pr ct	158
Bombay & Burma Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	500	dvd 450	6,330xd
Do. New Issue.	500	375	625	dvd 112½	1,60 xd
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,250	100	100	dvd 4	79
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld.	400	500	500	5 pr ct	500
Bombay Flour Mill	000	500	500	5	750
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	500	500	5 pr ct	200
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills	500	200	200	dvdRs10	185
Delhi Cloth & General Mills Co., Ld.	2,000	250	250	9 p 16	521
Empire of India Life A. Co., Ld	292	500	50	...	53
Indian Guarantee Surety Ship Assn.	5,000	00	10	10 pr. ct.	18
John Roberts & Co	1,500	100	100	10 pr. ct.	185
Kemp & Co.	4,000	200	175	21	355
Kurrachee Landing	500	500	300	30	183
Marcks & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	dvd Rs15	158
Napier Hotel Co	2,000	100	1	9 pr. ct.	25
NapierFoundry	1,000	100	0	...	60
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance	5,000	200	0	12 pr. ct.	130
Phillips & Co. Ld.	4,000	100	50	dvd Rs 6	25
Port Canning Co.	6,000	000	100	25	500
Soundy & Co	1,000	100	1,000	5	xd½
Treacher & Co.	2,000	500		0	1030
Thacker & Co.	1,500	100		dvd Rs 8	158
Telephone Co.	2,200	251	100	11	26 1-2xd

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.

FOR health, beauty, and luxury, use the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap, which, Lady Constance Howard writes, is "pleasant to use, and whitens and softens the Skin." Also Testimonials from Countess Bathurst, Countess Clanwilliam, Viscountess Exmouth, Lady Dorothy Nevill, and many others. Delicately perfumed. Warning. When buying the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap, see that name and figure head of "Albion" are on the wrapper. Sold by all Chemists, Grocers, &c.

SMOKE "RICHMOND GEM"—Cigarettes in round-air-tight tins of 50, of all Tobacconists.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 5h. 5m. Sun sets, 6h. 15m. High water, 3-38m., 4-49a. Low water, 9-25m., 11-10s.

P. & O. s.s. China, with English mails of 23rd March, due to arrive at daylight.

Mrs. Besant's Lecture on the "Search for Happiness," Novelty Theatre, 5 p.m.

Arrival and departure of General Low.

Music at the Esplanade, 5-45 p.m.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for St. Marie, Tamatave, Reunion and Mauritius, per s.s. Sirsa, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 7 p.m., on Tuesday, and Wednesday, the 10th and 11th instant.—Mails for Ceylon, the Straits Settlements, China, Japan and Australia, per extra s.s. Coromandel, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 6 a.m., on Wednesday, the 11th instant.

TRAFFIC IN MINORS.—At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, Mr. Sanders Slater, Chief Presidency Magistrate, disposed of the case, in which Inspector Framji Bhicaji, of the Criminal Investigation Department, charged Didar Bux and Koolsombee, two Mahomedan women, the former with selling the latter one Manjulia, a girl under 16 years, and the latter with buying the girl for immoral purposes. The magistrate convicted both the accused and sentenced them each to two years' rigorous imprisonment.

SPREADING INFECTIOUS DISEASE.—Before Mr. J. W. S. Dracup, at the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Govind Dadoo, a hack victoria-driver, was charged by Inspector Flanagan, with spreading infectious disease by carrying a small-pox patient in his victoria. On Wednesday morning, the accused drove a native suffering from small-pox in victoria from Tardeo to Malabar Hill. On the occurrence being brought to the notice of the police the patient was removed to the Arthur Road Hospital for treatment. The accused was fined Rs. 10.

MUSIC AT THE ESPLANADE BANDSTAND.—The Band of the 21st Bombay Infantry Marine Battalion, will play the following programme, under the direction of Mr. A. Mallandaine, bandmaster, commencing at 5-45 p.m.:—

March	Left Right ... Hume.
Overture	Light Cavalry ... Suppe.
Frantasia	Maritana ... Wallace.
Valse	Louisana ... Squire.
Selection	H. M. S. Pinafore ... Sullivan.
Galop	Poltergeister ... Faust.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

FIRE AT NISHANPADA.—About half-past 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, a fire broke out in a house at the corner of Nisanpada Road. The house, which had one upper floor, was occupied by Beni Israelites. On an alarm being raised, a number of neighbours appeared at the scene and attempted to remove the property of the occupants of the house, but their efforts were unavailing, as the names spread rapidly and the whole structure was soon ablaze. The Municipal engines from Babula Tank, Byculla and Fort promptly appeared on the spot and water from two lines of hose was poured on the burning house. The fire was put out in an hour, but not before the whole of the roof together with the effects of the tenants had been destroyed. The damage was estimated at Rs. 3,00.

FATAL ACCIDENT TO A LABOURER.—An inquiry was held yesterday, at the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital, by Mr. Turner, the coroner, on the body of Dhuria Sheeva, a labourer, aged about forty years. The deceased and his wife arrived in Bombay from their native country about six weeks ago and put up at Shunker Sett stables at Girgaum. On the 11th March last Dhuria was at work at a fire-wood depot at Lohar chawl. He and another labourer were carrying logs of wood on their head from a labourcart into the depot, when one of the logs slipped off head and fell on his right leg, causing a fracture of his limb. He was taken to the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital, where he was admitted and detained. Subsequently fever set in and he died on Wednesday. A verdict of accidental death in accordance with the above facts was recorded.

FATAL FALL.—Mr. Allan F. Turner, the coroner held an inquiry, yesterday, at the J. J. Hospital, regarding the death of Vithoo Ramji, a Hindu, aged about sixty years. The deceased was a cart-driver, but had no fixed place of residence and used to sleep in a bullock stable at Khatwady. About a month ago Vithoo was walking along the road, when he accidentally tripped and fell, injuring his right foot. Some household remedies were applied, with the result that the injured arm became swollen, and on the 5th March deceased was conveyed to the J. J. Hospital. On examination at the hospital it was found that he had sustained a simple fracture of the right forearm and that an abscess had formed round the seat of the fracture. His condition grew worse and he died on Wednesday. The medical evidence went to show that death was due to blood-poisoning. The jury returned a verdict of death accordingly.

FALSE MEASURES.—At the Mazagon Police Court yesterday, Ismail Ayub, a dealer in coal and his servant Bala Raoji were charged by Inspector Flanagan before Mr. J. W. S. Dracup, with having in their possession false measures. The first accused keeps a coal shop at Girgaum, while the second accused is his servant. In consequence of certain information previously received, the police on the 13th March last proceeded to the accused's shop and on searching the place found false measures and weights. The first accused in his defence said that he had recently opened a coal shop at Girgaum, and had purchased the weights and measures from a merchant, not knowing that they were false. The second accused pleaded that he was merely a servant of the first accused and carried out his orders. The magistrate fined the shop-keeper Rs. 25 and discharged his servant. The false weights and measures were ordered to be confiscated.

FATAL ACCIDENT TO A SAWYER.—A coroner's inquiry was held, yesterday, at the J. J. Hospital, on the body of Bhawoo Salloo, a sawyer, aged about forty years. The deceased resided at Mount Road, and was employed as a sawyer in a timber depot belonging to Mr. Sorabji Powvala, at Churney Road. On Monday morning last Bhawoo and another man were sawing a piece of beam which was resting on two props, one in the middle and the other at the end, away from the ground. The deceased was on the ground while his companion was on the beam, both sawing away the piece of timber. Suddenly the deceased knocked away with one of his elbows the centre prop and the piece of beam fell on him crushing him down to the ground, when extricated deceased complained of pain in his neck and spine and was found to have lost all control over the upper and lower extremities. He was conveyed to the J. J. Hospital, where he was found to be suffering from fracture of the spine. He grew worse and died yesterday morning. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

FIRE AT COLABA.

MESSRS. MOOLJEE JAITHA and Co write: "In your yesterday's issue under the heading "Fire at Colaba," the godown referred to therein is by some mistake described as "belonging to Messrs. Mooljee Jaitha & Co.' As we have no godown at Colaba at present, we shall thank you to correct the mistake in your next issue."

UNDELIVERED LETTERS.

THE following is a list of unclaimed letters lying at the Bombay General Post Office:—

Allix Maurice	Germing Jacqhesde	Muller Y X
Badroodin Saiboo	Goodman G	Newman Miss
Bagram J G	Graham Chas S	Norton Mrs
Barnes P G	Grinberg D	Patton Frank E
Berman Leon	Guriba, B	Pereira D D G
Binnie F Miss	Hamilton Miss	Petrie Thomas
Birch, Wm Junior Co	Harow F Mrs	Ravean G
Briasco Lodovico	Hawkins B	Rivertha Pierre
Brown A Mrs	Heaney John Pulling	Scorleano Anetta Mrs
Brown Graham	Hervey Richard	Sewket Ahmed
Caow Gerald	Hill Henry	Silberman Esther
Cessler Harol Mrs	Hobday J	Simmons Miss
Cicbe Bertha de	Hogg G J	Spencer C N
Cirillo Marianno	Hulme G A	Stopford Mrs
Combes J C	Hunter W F	Stubbs Walter
Czartorystn Witold	James Mrs	Taylor C J D Miss
Dafing P	Jenkins C Mrs	Taylor William
Daniel J & Co	Jones W	Tibbits Mrs
D'aro Bremond	Kampton Napier	Tubbs, Stanley W
Daly W	Krohnua Jn	Valsami Dionisio
Doaring Fanny Mrs	Lamb E A Miss	Vansant N G
Dobey N D	Lazard Alfonse	Varley G
D'Souza C S	Manhland F	Waidmann Herman
Echalie Maurice	Marshall J	Wells Walter J
Elmore John S	McDonnell Susie	Wilson A G
Forbes C D	Miss	Wirth E Miss
Freshfield Douglas W	Molton Larry	Yoskay C
Gables Mrs	Morris Charles Mrs	Zoubert Mrs
Goldberg Elie	Mouradean M	

ADVICE TO MOTHERS!—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as bright as a button. It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa whether arising from teething or other causes. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere at 1s. 1½d. per bottle.

SMOKE "RICHMOND GEM"—Cigarettes in round-air-tight tins of 50, of all Tobacconists.

SPORT IN ENGLAND.

THE LINCOLNSHIRE HANDICAP.

THE Lincolnshire Handicap of 1,000 sovs. added to a sweepstake of 15 sovs. each, 10ft.; for three-year-olds and upwards; the lowest weight not to be under 6st; winners of any handicap after January 25, at noon, 5lbs., of two or one value 200 sovs. 7lbs. extra; the second to receive 100 sovs. and the third 50 out of the stakes; entrance 5 sovs., the only forfeit if declared. The Straight Mile. (62 subs., 16 of whom declared).—Closed January 2, 1900.

Mr H Barnatos b c Sir Geoffrey by St Angelo—La Viergo 5yrs 8st 4lbs	Cannon ... 1
Mr W Brodrick Cloetos b f Strike A Light by Donovan Fuse, 4yrs 7st 12lbs	Madden ... 2
Sir J Blundell Maples br c Forcett, by Forager—Maid of Catterick 6yrs 8st 2lbs	Lates ... 3
Mr W H Hansers b h Nippon by Whitehall—Orontes aged 7st 13lbs	... 0
Sir J Musker's ch c Downham by Orion—Mods 3yrs 7st 4lbs	... 0
Mr Theobalds b h Survivor by Lochiel—Melissa aged 8st 5lbs	... 0
Mr E Bonners ch f light Comedy by Rose Window—Gaiety 4yrs 8st 3lbs	... 0
Mr J Hares b h Northern Farmer by Laureate 11—Smock Frock 6yrs 8st 6 lbs	... 0
Lord Durhams br c Gerolstein by st Serf—Geraldine, 5yrs 8st 5lbs	... 0
Mr A Baileys ch c Mount Prospect by Gallinule—Greichen 6 yrs 9st	... 0
Mr Edgar Cohens br Oban, by Lochiel—Venusta aged 8st 11lbs	... 0
T Davidson's ch c Dandy Fifth by Dan Dancer—Assiduity 4yrs 8st 12lbs	... 0
Sir Edgar Vincent's ch c Bonnebosq by Trapeze—Pink Thorn, 5yrs 7st 8lbs	... 0
Mr J S Curtis's b c Archduke II by Luke Blackburn—Duchess, 5yrs 7st 2lbs	... 0
Mr D Seymour's b f Clarehaven, by Sweetheart—Crosshaven, 4yrs 8st 13lbs	... 0
Mr T W Roberts ch c Damocles, by Suspender—Revelry, 4yrs 8st 13lbs	... 0
Lord W Heresford's ch c Berzak, by Sensation—Belphoebe 6yrs 8st 11lbs	... 0
Sir M Fitzgerald's ch c Heir Male, by Ayrshire—Rose Maylie 4yrs 8st 9lbs	... 0
Sr J A Miller's b c Innocence by Simonian—La Viergo, 4yrs 8st 9lsb	... 0
Mr T Worton's ch f Celada, by Morion—Heartless 5yrs 8st 6lbs	... 0
Mr L Neuman's b m Waterhen by Gallinule—Gipsy Queen 6yrs 8st 5lbs	... 0
Mr W Duke's ch c Stamina by Great Tom—Endurance 4yrs 7st 12lbs	... 0
Mr J A Drake's ch h Royal Flush by Favo—Flush aged 7st 12lbs	... 0
Mr A L Duncan's br g London by Donovan—Lucasta 4yrs 7st 10lbs	... 0
Lord Ellesmere's b c Pheon by Hampton—Photuin 5yrs 8st 4lbs	... 0

Winner trained by Archer.

Betting: 100 to 12 against Sir Geoffrey, 25 to 1 Strike a Light and Forcett, 4 to 1 Survivor.

Won by three lengths; same distance between second and third.

THE GRAND NATIONAL STEEPLECHASE.

The Grand National Steeplechase, of 2,500 sovs, by subscription of 25sovs. each, 15ft. and 5sovs. only if declared; the owner of the second to receive 300sovs. and third 200 from the stakes, a handicap for five-year-olds and upwards; winners after January 25, at noon of a steeplechase value 600 sovs. to carry 8lbs., value 400 sovs. 6lbs., value 200 sovs. 4lbs extra, but steeplechases of any distance not being handicaps and not value 600 sovs. and handicap steeplechases not value 500 sovs. and not exceeding two miles excepted; horses originally handicapped in this race above list 7lbs and under 12st to carry only half of the foregoing penalties respectively, and originally at 12st upwards exempted from penalties. Grand National Course (about four miles and 856 yards) (74 subs, 20 of whom declared)—Closed January 2, 1900.

A trophy value 100 sovs is included in the value of the race, or specie, at winner's option.

London, Friday, 30th March, 1900.

H R H Prince of Wales's br g Ambush II, by Ben Battle—Miss Plant, 6yrs. 11st 3lbs	Anthony 1
Mr C A Browne's ch h Bersac by Barcaldine—Still Water, aged 9st 12lbs	Halsey 2
Mr J G Bultcels b g Manifesto, by Man o' War—Victis, aged, 12st 13lbs	Williamson 3
Mr G Edwards's b m Breemount's Pride, by Kendal—Mavourdeen, aged, 11st 7lbs	... 0
Capt Scott's b g Levanter, by Cantivator—Stealall (by Musket) N Z aged, 9st 8lbs	... 0
Mr B Bletsoe's br h Grudon by Old Buck—Avis, aged 10st 5lbs	... 0
Lord W Beresford's ch g Easter ogue, by Ascetic—Elissa, 6yrs 9st 13lbs	... 0
Capt R H Ethelstone's b m Lotus Lily, by Lotus II—Skipaway, aged 9st 10lbs	... 0
Mr Arthur James's b m Sister Elizabeth, by Toscano—St Faith, aged, 10st	... 0
Mr E Woodland's b r g Model, by Herald—Hazelwitch, aged, 10st 7lbs	... 0
Col Galloway's br c Hidden Mystery, by Ascetic—Secret, 6yrs., 12st	... 0
Lord Eustace Loder's b c Covert Hack, by Hacker—Cinnamon, 6yrs., 11st	... 0
Mr Vyner's ch g Alpheus, by Easterling—Arethusa, aged, 10st 10lbs	... 0
Mr J Cannons b g Rannelwhey, by Barcaldine—Market, aged, 10st	... 0
Mr G R Powell's ch c Nothing, by Florentine—Golden Bell, aged, 9st 7lbs	... 0
Mr Audley Blyth's b g Talliman, by Molton—Recovery, aged, 10st 11lbs	... 0

(Winner trained by Sentence.)

Betting: 2 to 1 against Festo, 7 to 2 Hidden Mystry, and 25 to 1 Barsac.

Won by four lengths; a neck between second and third.

THE LIVERPOOL SPRING CUP.

The fifty-second Liverpool spring cup of 800 sovs. 50sovs in plate, or the whole in specie, at winner's option; entrance 3sovs each, with 10sovs additional unless declared by Tuesday, February 14, to Messrs. Weatherby and Sons only; and 9sovs each extra for starters: second to receive 50sovs from the plate; a handicap for three-year-olds and upwards; winner, (selling races excepted) after February 9 at 1 P. M. 4lbs., of a handicap of any value or of any race value 250sovs 8lb., of two handicaps of any value or of one handicap value 400sovs. 12lbs extra, but three-year olds to carry only half the foregoing penalties respectively; Cup Course (one mile and three furlongs).

Lord Durham's b g Osbech, by Common—Allbech, 5yrs Allsopp	... 1
Mr J Reiss' ch h Lackford by Juggler—Caillench 5yrs Reiff	... 2
b c Squire Jack by Sweetheart—Royal Lady 5yrs Woodburn	... 3

(Winner trained by W Leader)

BETTING: 9 to 4 against Osbech.

Won in a canter by five lengths; seven lengths between second and third.

THE UNIVERSITY BOAT RACE.

Cambridge won the Varsity Boat-Race to-day in bright sunshide, and in the presence of the usual enormous crowd. It was a stern chase for Oxford from start to finish, Cambridge winning by twenty lengths quite fresh, while Oxford plugged hard throughout. Time, 18min 47 secs which equals the record made in 1893 when Oxford won. To-day a strong tide helped them and there was a following wind.—"Asian.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

LAWN-TENNIS HANDICAP TOURNAMENT.

SINGLES.

	1st Round	2nd Round	3rd Round	4th Round	Final
S crymgeour	+15 bye				
H G W Meikle	+15 bye				
S N Powell	+15 bye				
A M Moens	+15				
Capt A H Bolton	Scratch				
T L Roberts	Scratch				
H Beville	+15				
H L Rayner	„ 15				
J Sheepshanks	„ 15				
C H S Bogg

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TO LOVERS OF ART.

THE establishment in the "First City in India" of a high class and fashionable Art Gallery fitted up in the most approved and artistic style, where artists and their patrons can at all times meet to their mutual advantage, and to the advancement of Art itself, has been our desire for some years past; but the difficulties in the way of its fulfilment have been so great that the scheme has had to be abandoned—for the time being at least. We are persuaded that were we able to secure the influential support of those in high places and the help of lovers of Art in the Presidency, the Gallery would be a *fait accompli*. Another object of ours in wishing to form an Art Gallery is that we may be able to educate the native mind, and, by furnishing the people with an opportunity of viewing and comparing European work with the crude and absurd productions they have been accustomed to cultivate a refined and more artistic taste in them. Surely this worthy desire ought to have the encouragement it reserves from all true lovers of Art!

In submitting our new Catalogue to the public which can be obtained on application, we desire to place this object prominently before them, at the same time thanking them for the patronage and support they have already given us. It has enabled us to place the concern in some degree in as favoured a position as some of the leading Picture Dealers' establishments in London or Paris; so far, at least, as India is concerned.

A new feature, as will be seen in the present issue of the Catalogue, is that we have included all the different lines of business which we undertake in one and the same cover, whereas in former years they were printed in separate handbooks, leaflets, &c., necessitating a deal of needless repetition.

It has, therefore, been our endeavour to spare the public the tediousness of the task of looking through a number of separate prints for what they require, by compiling the present issue in as concise and handy a form as possible, adding to it an Index—a feature that was not possible to introduce in the former erratic sort of publications.

Of course, we are sensible of many defects in this our first venture: the principal one being the impossibility to embody in a trade catalogue a complete list of our stock of Engravings. We would, therefore, request those seeking any known engraving not enumerated herein to communicate with us.

We have, further, the pleasure of notifying our *clientele* of our removal into more spacious and conspicuous premises, the address of which we would ask them to kindly take particular note.

Hoping for a continuance of the esteemed patronage and support of our customers, and the public in general

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PLEASE NOTE.—Specifics for Hydrocele and Asthma; immediate relief; permanent cure guaranteed or the price each Rs. 5 refunded even in most obstinate cases. Many cases promptly and successfully cured. Try once only. SPEEDY CURE for DIABETES is successful when all other remedies fail to produce the slightest effect. Safe and sure. Per bottle Rs. 3. "FEMALES' FRIEND"—a safe and reliable remedy for all female disorders and irregularities. Per bottle Rs. 2. Correspondence always treated strictly private. Apply to MANAGER (B.), V. C. Works, Ranaghat, Bengal.

NOTES.

INDIAN LAND REVENUE,

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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

THURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 5.

2 3-4 per cent. Consols ..... £101 15-16 plus 3-16
3 per cent. Rentes ..... £101 unchanged
3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan ..... £111 plus 1-2
3 1-2 per cent. Govt. Securities ... £64 1-4 plus 1-4
Bar Silver in London ..... 27 1-2 plus 1-16
" New York ..... 59 3-4 unchanged
Exchange on London at Paris ... 25·21 plus 1
" New York ..... 4·86 1-4 unchanged
Discount Bank of England ..... 4 per cent.
" Short London Bills ... 3 5-8—1-8
" Indian Bank Bills ... 3 5-8—1-8

At the weekly sale of Council Bills in London yesterday for Rs. 35,00,000

Rs. Nil. were allotted to Calcutta.
" " do. do. Bombay.
" " do. do. Madras.

TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS.—

Rs. 1,50,000 were allotted to Calcutta.
" ..... do. do. Bombay.
" ..... do. do. Madras.

Rs. 1,50,000

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 4 1-32d. minimum rate received full per cent.

Average rate of allotment Calcutta 16 03.

Total amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening, including last Public sale Rs. 42,60,000.

Amount to be allotted next week, Rs. 30,00,000.

Extra Allotments—Bills on Bombay Rs. 1,50,000 and Calcutta Rs. 40,000 at 1s. 4 1-32d.

EXCHANGE.—The market opened firmer this morning and has stedied somewhat more during the day. Bank Telegraphic was done for May and June at 1s. 3 31-32d and the same rate was offering for later delivery in the year. Bank Demand to some extent was done for this mail at 1s. 4d. and at the close could be done for next mail.

Bank Telegraphic ..... 1s. 3 15-16d.
Bank Demand ..... 1s. 3 31-32d. to 1s. 4d.
3 Months' Sight Credits ..... 1s. 4 3-16d.
3 months' Sight Francs 170 1-4
Shanghai, 30 day's sight ... Rs. 193
Hongkong " ..... Rs. 144
Japan " ..... Rs. 149

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—The market opened with a rise of 1-4 per cent. this morning on last night's rates, at Rs. 97 1-16, but on receipt of news from Calcutta to the effect that the Bank of Bengal's cash balance was down 40 lacs, the rate dropped until Rs. 96 3-4 was reached, when it improved at the close to Rs. 96 7-8.

STOCK AND SHARES.—Quiet with little doing.

	Rs.
Manockji Petit S. and W. Co.	1,700
Mazagon S. and W. Co.	37
Southern India S. and W. Co.	85
Bombay-Burma Trading Corpn.	6,350 xd.
do. New Issue	1,000 xd.

FREIGHTS.—Quiet with very little doing. A steamer has been fixed from Rangoon, with rice for Bombay at Rs. 11, and another, fixed from Rice ports for Home.

COALS.—Market unchanged and nothing to report.

WHEAT.—White Delhi is slightly firmer at Rs. 5-2 owing to rain having fallen up-country, and fears are entertained of possible damage to the crops

SEEDS—GINGELLY.—Little or nothing doing. Market is steady with rates unchanged.

LINSEED.—Some business is passing in "bold" ready at Rs. 8-8-0. Small grain is rather quiet at Rs. 8-2-0 to Rs. 8-3-6, according to quality. For April-May "bold" grain is firmer at Rs. 8-7-6, while for small grain the market is slightly easier, at Rs. 8-2-0 to Rs. 8-2-3.

CASTOR SEED is in good demand at Rs. 38-4-0 for ready, April-May, unchanged.

POPPYSEED unchanged. Ready, Rs. 8-3-0, forward Rs. 8-5-0.

RAPESEED is in good demand both for ready Brown, and Yellow Cawnpore, at yesterday's rates. Market firm.

London quotes—
Yellow Guzerat Rape ..... 4s. 6d.
April-May, Antwerp. Sellers firm.

COTTON.—With still higher rates advised from Liverpool and New York, the market opened firmer here with higher rates asked by sellers which, however, had the effect of checking the demand—about 1,000 bales were bought by shippers, the mills taking

Fully Good Bengals, May ..... Rs. 223
Good Broach, ready ..... Rs. 235
Good Madras westerns ..... Rs. 227
S. G. Dharwar ..... Rs. 239-240

New crop cotton is also firmer, Bengals being quoted Rs. 181, and Broach Rs. 207 to 208.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed steady. Surats dull. Manchester was quiet. Total sales 12,000 bales. Sold on Speculation and for Export 500 bales Imports 21,000 bales. Surat nil. Spot 5 11-32d. plus 3-32. Arrivals closed steady.

Mid.-Uplands in Liverpool—

April	April-May	July-Aug.	Oct.-Nov.	Jan.-Feb
5·15	5·13	5·5	4·31	4·22
plus. 6·64	plus. 6·64	plus. 6·64	plus. 2·64	2·64 ;

Cotton in New York—

Receipts at the Ports	10,000 bales.
Exports to Great Britain	2,000 "
Do Continent	28,000 "
Mid-Uplands ..... 9 11-16 plus 1-8	28,000 "
Futures, month of July	9.30 plus 23
do do October	8·17 plus 10

Receipts of Cotton into Bombay yesterday:—

	Bales of 392 lbs.
Khandeish	189
Barsee and Nugur	103
Berar	...
Total Upcountry ...	292
Hingunghat	...
Dhollera	64
Broach	...
Compta and Dharwar	610
Westerns	102
Bengals	354
Sind	135
Persian	11
Total ...	1,568

Summary of daily arrivals of produce into Bombay yesterday:—

	cwts.
Wheat ...	5,097
Linseed ...	7,118
Rapeseed ...	9,288
Gingellyseed ...	826
Poppyseed ...	166
Groundnuts ...	17
Castorseed ...	1,335
Rice ...	84,221
Myrabollams ...	3,247

HIGH COURT.—APRIL 6.

(Before the Hon'ble the CHIEF JUSTICE and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice CANDY.)

Appeals for hearing and final disposal.

965-455-96—Khanderao S—Sitaram Luxeman and others vs Chima and others—Sorabjee and J.
1055-170-97—Payne G S and M—Ardesir Nowrojee Toothi vs Harishanker Bhaskerjee and another—King and Co.
1066-658-96—Mansuklal W and J Hiravahu vs Murarjee Cullianjee and others—Crawford B and Co.
1037-107-98—Dikshit and D—Laxmibai vs Raoji Venayekrao Juggonath Sunkerset—Crawford B and Co.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice B. TYEBJI.)

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Short Causes.

34-1900—K B Mehta—Choonilal Pansial vs Karamdan Chotamal and another—Madhavjee V. Part heard.

For hearing of Preliminary Issue.

247-99—Payne G S and Co—Jethmull Ramanand and another vs The Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway and another—Crawford B and Co. Part heard.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

193-98—Little and Co—Hajee Mahomed Sabeb Shirazee vs The Bombay and Persia Steam Navigation Co. Ld—Crawford B and Co.
626-97—M H Khan—Kalloo Sing Loosing and others vs The Hon Mahadeo Govind Ranade—Dikshit and D and Captain and V.
97-99—Captain and V—Chimnajee Ramjee vs The Hon Mahadeo Govind Ranade—M H Khan and Dikshit and D.
195-97—Dikshit and D—Balwant Arjoon Deray vs Purshotum Lalla and others—Sorabjee and J for trial on merits, for postponment.
489-98—Mathubhai and J M—Lakhmidas Harriwalabdas and another vs Sakinaboo and others—Nanu and H.
121-99—Dikshit and D—Dr Ganesh Krishna Garde vs Ramchunder Vishnu Pranjape and others—K J Manuri, and Chimnl M and M. Payne, G S and M.
519-99—Himlal M and M—Hoorbai and another vs Alshaba, and others—Smetham B and N.
189-98—Thakurdas D C and H—Framjee Pallonjee vs P C H Snow and another—Crawford B and Co.
573-97—Edgelow G and W—Mirza Alli Mahomed Sherasee vs Haji Abdool Hoosein Zenab Abadin—Craigie L and C.

LATEST WAR TELEGRAMS.

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DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

LANOWLI.

BIRTH.

COOKE—March 30, at Lanowli, the wife of Dr E Hunt Cooke, of a son.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

GROSSMANN—March 27, at "Sunny Side," Lahore, the wife of T Grossmann, of a son.
LARYMORE—March 27, at Rawal Pindi, the wife of Captain H D Larymore, Royal Artillery, of a son.

DEATHS.

CURLEY—April 1, at St Martha's Hospital, Bangalore, Captain Peter Curley, Madras, Public Works Department (retired), aged 84 years and 9 months.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** ALL communications intended for publication in our columns should be addressed to the Editor and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, APRIL 6, 1900.

THE attack on the Prince of Wales at the Brussels railway station on Wednesday, was the first attempt to assassinate His Royal Highness. The Prince has been more fortunate than most royal personages in this respect, though he has travelled about England and the Continent freely and has been exposed to as much risk as any Prince or Potentate. Any half-witted scoundrel, calling himself an Anarchist and believing his mission in life is to reform society, is applauded by his fellows when he shoots or stabs a high-born personage. It will be remembered in connection with the assassination of the Empress of Austria, eighteen months ago, that the culprit was a young man who declared he had been an Anarchist since he was thirteen years of age. The Prince of Wales' assailant is an advanced thinker of sixteen. Sipido—the name is as distinctly Italian as was that of Cesario who assassinated President Carnot—the Prince's assailant is a tinsmith; Luccheni who assassinated the Empress of Austria was a shoemaker. The declared object of Sipido was "to avenge the thousands slain by us in South Africa," which was doubtless as good an excuse as that of Luccheni, who said he had committed the murder to set an example, and that if all Anarchists were to do their duty [illegible] he had done his, bourgeois society would soon disappear. He was one of six who had been chosen by their confederates to go forth and kill a sovereign, it mattered little whom, but the King of Italy for choice. As they could not kill his Majesty, the unfortunate Empress was chosen as least likely to offer an effectual resistance, and Geneva was chosen as the scene of the crime, because capital punishment was not there resorted to. "I will kill some one," exclaimed Luccheni, "it does not matter whom." And the same intelligent motive probably actuated the youthful tinsmith. We have not yet received the full details, but it appears that the youth jumped on to the footboard of the royal carriage as the train, in which the Prince and Princess and an equerry were travelling, stood in the Brussels station. Inexperience in the use of a revolver, or lack of sufficient nerve to take aim, rendered Sipido's efforts futile, and the two shots he succeeded in firing went harmlessly through the window. Two shots, it will be remembered, were fired at her Majesty the Queen in 1840 in the first attempt on her life. While driving up Constitution Hill, the royal carriage was fired at by a youth named Oxford, but neither shot took effect. On six occasions her Majesty's life was attempted, on each occasion, however, by half-witted creatures and not by political desperadoes. The second attempt was made in May, 1842, when Her Majesty and the Prince Consort were returning along the Mall from the Chapel Royal, St. James's. A man named Francis stepped out of the crowd and deliberately pointed a pistol at them, but it missed fire. Francis, however, was said to be "not crazy, but just a thorough scamp, a little swarthy fellow." A hunchback, named Bean, made another attempt, three months later, the very day following the commutation of the sentence on Francis. Oxford was sent to an asylum, and Francis found guilty of high treason and sentenced to death. Her Majesty mercifully commuted the sentence and the third attempt followed the next day. It was then deemed necessary to amend the law dealing with such offences, and the prospect of whipping put a stop to the attempts for years. In 1849 an Irish bricklayer, and in 1872 a Fenian pointed weapons at Her Majesty, but on neither occasion did the weapon contain anything but a blank charge. Ten years later another madman, named Maclean, fired on the Queen as she was entering her carriage at Windsor station, and on another occasion an ex-officer named Pate, struck her in the face. But from that time to the present members of the English royal family have been wonderfully exempt from violent attacks. At the time the Austrian Empress was assassinated it was feared that a new epidemic of criminal violence aimed at crowned heads was about to break out, especially as a warning came of the existence of a plot against the Kaiser during his then projected journey in Egypt. The Italian Government sent out to all the Powers formal invitations to an International Congress to discuss means for the repression of anarchism. The invitation was accepted by most of the Powers, Great Britain making several reservations in accepting. The main points suggested for discussion were that the extradition treaties should be modified to permit of anarchist criminals being handed over to the country of their origin, and that means should be adopted to prevent anarchist propaganda by the Press. The proceedings were kept secret, and although various correspondents published what they believed to be approximately correct accounts of the results of the deliberations, they were as promptly contradicted. Whatever they were, however, it may be taken as certain that little difficulty will be experienced in dealing efficiently with the rascally Belgian assailant of the Prince, the only objection to punishment of the most rigorous kind being the misguided offender's youth.

BUT for the unfortunate incident which cost Colonel Broadwood's force seven guns and many lives the pause which began when Lord Roberts took possession of Bloemfontein has been unbroken. The presumption still is that the Commander-in-Chief and his Chief of Staff are making elaborate preparations for the invasion of the Transvaal and the siege of Pretoria. Every day sees transports arrive at one or other of the Cape ports, with reinforcements and material. Including siege guns the British General has an artillery, numbering five hundred guns. Of field guns there are 392, sufficient to give the 78,400 men in the fighting line five guns to every thousand. Until quite recently the Continental proportion was three guns per thousand men—a proportion not always reached in British expeditions, Lord Roberts and his lieutenants will have more than eighty thousand men—in round numbers—and four hundred guns in line against the enemy. As the troops in South Africa will number 250,000, this leaves 130,000 men to hold important points, protect depots, and guard the communications. The Berlin experts who, in November last, estimated the number required for these subsidiary but important duty at 50,000 men were regarded as alarmists. A couple of months later experts in London went beyond that modest estimate, and spoke of sixty or eighty thousand men to keep open the communications. We have now got quite beyond these figures. There was some excuse for scepticism as to the necessity of providing armies on a Continental scale for the war, when it was supposed that the Republics could only put some thirty thousand men at the outside in the field. That number had to be doubled as the operations developed. Now we are again asked to believe that the surrender of Cronje and the return of bodies of Free Staters to their farms, have reduced the fighting force of the Boers still in the field to some 30,000 men. If that be really the case, the war can hardly last till September, the date at which the calculations of the War Office place the collapse of the enemy. It would, perhaps, be prudent to credit fifty thousand men, all told, of whom not more than thirty or twenty-five thousand can confront Roberts' fighting line of nearly eighty thousand men with four hundred guns. To state the figures is to foretell the issue. Were it not for the well-planned and abundantly-provisioned forts around Pretoria, the struggle, however desperate, of fifty thousand men against two hundred and fifty thousand could not last a month. The raison d'etre of fortifications is to enable a small body of troops to hold out for a certain time against an enemy in superior strength. We must therefore expect that the works around Pretoria will defer the final issue for some weeks or even months.

That there is still room for surprises and even disasters, is shown by what befel Colonel Broadwood's column. It was certainly tempting Providence to have a force of some 4,000 men at Thabanchu, forty miles distant from Bloemfontein, when Boers in unknown strength, were moving north. Broadwood under the circumstances took the only course open to him. He withdrew in the direction of Bloemfontein, intending to hold the strong position of the water-works, seventeen miles nearer Roberts' head-quarters. So far well. But he bivouacked in the open, two miles from the water-works and was attacked by Commandant Ollivier at dawn. Finding the situation serious he sent his two batteries of artillery and 1,200 wagons towards Bloemfontein. In a spruit or water channel the guns and convoy were attacked and fired at when at close quarters by an enemy, only seventy yards off. There had been no scouting; the disaster was not known even to the main body of Broadwood's force until seven guns and a great quantity of the baggage had been captured and the accompanying cavalry practically wiped out. Out of one hundred and forty Inniskilling Dragoons only ten escaped. When Colonel Broadwood notified to head-quarters that he intended to return from Thabanchu, Lord Roberts replied that he would send the Ninth Division at daybreak to his assistance, and left it to himself to decide on the best route to take. Under this arrangement a disaster became more than possible. Broadwood did not know where he could find the Ninth Division, and General Colville did not know where to find Broadwood. As a matter of fact the latter was attacked, with the consequences stated, at the very hour when Colville was setting out from Bloemfontein, twenty-three miles distant. It was nothing to the purpose that General French was sent after the Ninth Division to support it. The mischief was already done and the enemy having withdrawn after destroying the water-works Colville and French and what was left of Broadwood's force returned to Bloemfontein. Ollivier, who re-occupied Ladybrand before the fighting at the water-works, is apparently in force in that vicinity. Boers are south of Bloemfontein as far as the junction at Springfontein, and General Gatacre, who was recently west of the railway is now taking measures to prevent the line being cut. There is naturally much ill-humour in London that anything should have occurred to mar the smooth progress to which we have been accustomed since Lord Roberts took over the command. But it is going rather far to assert, as the "Times" does, that when that distinguished strategist is not present his subordinates act as if the Boers were congenital idiots. Did not the leading journal think the same at the outset of the war? In this particular instance Colonel Broadwood made mistakes. But it cannot be truthfully said that Lord Roberts made none. As Napoleon well said the General that has made no mistakes in war has not made war long.

DR. MANSON, medical adviser to the Colonial office, recently gave a lecture on the importance of a systematic study of tropical diseases. He was able to show that as climate is a potent factor in the grouping of plants and animals, so it is in the distribution of diseases. Certain maladies, indeed, are common to the torrid, temperate, and frigid zones yet to each of these some forms are peculiar. Thus, there are belts or provinces of diseases, as there are in the distribution of plants and animals. In the tropics some diseases are endemic, or originate in the region. Of these endemic diseases, malaria is the most formidable. It is, as Dr. Manson says, the great disease of the tropics. Owing to it, many districts which might otherwise become fertile fields and gardens remain useless. Though the white man suffers worst, the native races do not escape. In British India alone, five millions die annually of fever, principally malarial. That enormous figure, however, gives little idea of the total mischief; just as in a battle the wounded much outnumber the killed, so is it with these fevers: for every one who dies, several are more or less injured, and some disabled for life. West Africa is still worse. One result of malaria in our Colonies is of commercial as well as humanitarian import. It more than doubles the cost of government, as Dr. Manson proves from official statistics. Of one hundred and seventy-six European officers employed on the Gold Coast in 1896, ten died within the Colony, twenty-five were invalided to Europe, and of these one-fifth succumbed afterwards to the diseases which they had contracted there. The cause of death or ill-health was almost invariably some malarial fever. In fact, the Government is constantly being deprived of its servants just when experience and familiarity with their work render them most valuable. To such Colonies, as Dr. Manson says, malaria is like a rope about their necks. But during the last few years the mystery of the ailment has been solved. The germ of it lives and multiplies in the human blood. By injecting a little blood from the veins of a patient suffering from malarial fever into those of a healthy person, the latter presently becomes infected. This experiment is performed with a hypodermic syringe; but Nature has provided something equally effective and far more active—the proboscis of the mosquito. Here let us be just; not every kind of mosquito is guilty of malignant poisoning; this is the crime of one genus only. When it has sucked the blood of an infected patient, the malarial germ passes from its stomach to its tissues, and, finally, to its poison-gland, whence it is transferred with the venom into a human victim. Thus, one step in prevention is to isolate the sufferer. Guard him from the mosquito, and, as far as possible, keep him apart from his fellow-men, until the germs in his blood have been destroyed, as fortunately they can be, by doses of quinine. Prevention, however, being better than cure, war must be waged against the insect which propagates the disease.

THE health of Bombay City still remains a question demanding serious consideration. The returns for the past week record a total mortality of 2,463, giving an annual death-rate of 152, 18 per thousand. This is 450 in excess of the figures at this time last year, and is brought about by the presence of epidemics other than plague. The victims to the latter disease are found to be 500 less on comparison but small-pox, remittent fever and diseases of the lungs more than make up for this abatement. Small-pox carried off 19 persons in Byculla, which district seems to harbour every malignant disease prevailing in Bombay. At the present time the health of Mandvi is anything but good, and Parel and Mahim are also undesirable localities for residence. Diarrhœa and dysentery are much in excess, the former carrying off 172 persons as compared with an average of 34. Inoculation is still being pushed in Bombay, and also in the large towns in the mofussil. At Karachi, plague cases occur in almost every quarter of the city, and each week gives evidence that the disease is spreading. The authorities are making a serious attempt to combat it by means of inoculation and segregation, but unfortunately these efforts are hampered on account of the straitened finances of this Northern port. There was a slight recrudescence in Belgaum districts, but in Dharwar plague has almost died out. Nasik district, which suffered so heavily during the epidemic last year, is now visited with an epidemic of cholera, which is chiefly confined to Malegaon. Small-pox is still present in Surat, and in the Thana district plague has materially increased.

SIR JAMES M. CAMPBELL, K.C.I.E., LL.D., I. C. S., has been permitted to resign Her Majesty's Covenanted Civil Service on the Bombay Establishment, with effect from the 28th instant.

MR. P. C. H. SNOW, C.I.E., I.C.S., on the return to duty of the Hon. Mr. J. K. Spence, C. S. I., I.C.S., has been appointed Political Agent at Bhor. Mr. Snow has also been appointed Collector and District Registrar, Poona, and President of the Poona District Local Board.

SIR ANDREW WINGATE, K.C.I.E., I.C.S., on return to duty is appointed Secretary to Government in charge of the Plague Department and of the office of Plague Commissioner for the Bombay Presidency.

MR. W. DODERET, I.C.S., has been appointed to act as Political Agent, Savanur, vice Mr. E. L. Cappel, C.I.E., I.C.S., proceeding on leave.

MR. W. D. SHEPPARD, I.C.S., on relief, has been appointed Assistant Collector at Poona and personal assistant to the Collector of Poona for Famine purposes.

MR. E. J. EBDEN has been permitted to resign Her Majesty's Covenanted Civil Service on the Bombay Establishment, with effect from the 18th February.

LIEUTENANT J. B. CORRY, R.E., is appointed on plague duty under the orders of the Political Resident at Aden.

THE services of Captain G. P. Campbell, I.S.C., are replaceed at the disposal of the Government of India in the Home Department.

THE services of Lieutenant W. C. French, I. S. C., are replaced at the disposal of the Government of India in the Home Department.

CAPTAIN J. H. MACDONALD, M.B., C.M., I.M.S., has been appointed District Medical Officer, at Ahmedabad under the Famine Code.

THE services of Lieutenant A. N. Davidson, I.S.C., are replaced at the disposal of the Government of India in the Home Department.

THE fresh cases of plague brought to light in Calcutta on Monday numbered 111, and 109 deaths were recorded. The total mortality was 151.

MR. A. F. WOODBURN, Barrister-at-Law, I.C.S., is appointed on relief to act as Commissioner, S.D., vice Mr. R. M. Kennedy, I. C. S., proceeding on leave.

CAPTAIN S. H. BARNETT, M.B., C.M., I.M.S., continues as Personal Assistant to the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bombay pending further orders.

AT the meeting of the Municipal Corporation, yesterday, the Hon'ble Mr. C. T. Burke was appointed President of the Corporation for the current official year.

LIEUTENANT J. H. CRAWFORD, Staff Corps Adjutant, His Excellency the Governor's Body Guard, had been granted six months' leave out of India, on medical certificate.

LIEUT.-COL. C. F. WILLIS, Civil Surgeon, has been appointed a nominated member of the Satara City and suburban Municipalities, vice Major B. B. Grayfoot resigned.

DURING the week ending the 24th ultimo the total earnings of the Eastern Bengal State Railway amounted to Rs. 2,36,530, the total for the corresponding week of the previous year being Rs. 2,34,991.

MR. H. A. B. RATTIGAN, of the Lahore Bar, and son of Sir William Rattigan, Q.C., has been appointed to act as Judge of the Chief Court, Lahore, when Mr. Justice Reid proceeds on furlough next month.

MR. B. M. SLANE is permanently appointed to the superior accounts branch of the Public Works Department, with the rank of Deputy Examiner, Class II, retaining the temporary rank of Deputy Examiner, Class I.

MR. G. F. KEATINGE, I.C.S., has been appointed a nominated member of the Taluka Local Boards of Sholapur, Barsi, Madha, and Karmala in the Sholapur district, vice Mr. A. G. Chuckerbutty resigned.

MR. A. W. SHEPARD, Executive Engineer, Belgaum, has been appointed a nominated member of the Municipal Board of Belgaum in the Belgaum District, vice Mr. P. J. Fitz Gibbon resigned on transfer.

A RUSSIAN gentleman named A. Muller, who till lately was attached to the Bokaran Political Agency, has been appointed Russian Consul in Seistan. It is understood that a British Consul will be appointed.

MAJOR J. G. HOJEL, M.B., B.S.C., I.M.S., has been appointed Civil Surgeon at Ahmednagar vice Major H. W. Stevenson, I. M. S., but for the present retains the post of Resident Surgeon at St. George's Hospital, Bombay.

MR. A. W. G. CHUCKERBUTTY, I.C.S., has been appointed to act as Political Agent, Akalkot, during the absence of Mr. A. F. Maconochie, I.C.S., on leave, and also to act as Collector and District Registrar of Sholapur.

WITH reference to the plague outbreak in Behar our correspondent writes that cremation is being very inefficiently performed at Mokameh, and suggests that a responsible officer should be placed in charge of the burning ghats.

THE following telegram has been sent by the General Committee of the Indian Tea Association in Calcutta to the Committee of the Association in London:—"The daily Customs entries for export to Great Britain for the second half of March amount to 100,000 lbs."

FROM a statement of the plague cases known to have occurred in any part of the Punjab since 1st October, 1899, we learn that the total number of cases was 395, of which 260 terminated fatally, and 62 were discharged as cured, and the remainder are still under cure, detention, or surveillance.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL HAWES, Royal Munster Fusiliers, Dinapore, who has been appointed to command the new 3rd Battalion of the Regiment, has proceeded to Bombay en route home. The Munsters at Dinapore have already furnished some forty non-commissioned officers for the Battalion about to be raised in Ireland.

AT the Bombay Criminal Sessions yesterday, Bodoo Lodhay, a Hindu, pleaded guilty to a charge of having, on the 8th February last, valuntarily caused grievous hurt to Radhee, woman, by cutting her nose with a knife. Mr. Justice Fulton told the prisoner he had committed a very serious crime, and sentenced him to rigorous imprisonment for four years.

LIEUTENANT H. HULSEBERG, 27th Bombay Light Infantry, has been appointed Cantonment Magistrate at Karachi, in addition to his military duties, vice Major F. J. Fowler transferred, Lieutenant Hulseberg is also appointed to be a Magistrate of the First Class in the Karachi District, and is invested, within the military limits of the Karachi Cantonment, with the jurisdiction of a Small Cause Court Judge.

TWO hundred and eighty candidates are declared to have passed the several Law examinations of the Punjab University held this year. Of these 110 passed the preliminary examination, 47 the Intermediate examination in Law, 70 the First Certificate examination in Law, 31 the Licentiate and 23 the LL.B. tests. One hundred and seventy-one of them are entitled to practice in the Judicial and Revenue Courts of the Punjab.

SEVENTEEN and a half lakhs is the additional amount that the Government of India has managed to find for the Calicut-Cannanore Railway. This, with the 10 lakhs previously granted, should enable the Madras Railway to open through to Tellicherry, 43 miles from Calicut, by next December, and if the money can be raised in 1901-02 the line ought to be opened to Baliapatam (the terminus four miles beyond Cannanore) before the rains of next year.

A PRIVATE of the 9th Madras Infantry, now in Colombo, chanced to get into casual conversation the other day with a reporter of a local paper. In the course of it he emphatically expressed his opinion that while Colombo was better than Bellary it was not nearly so good as Madras. Even the heat was greater, and worst of all, the expense of living was much higher. His pay averaged Rs. 12 a month and more than half of that sum had to be sent home. Many of the men of the Regiment are teetotallers, the Army Temperance Association having done good work amongst them, but quite three-fourths of the Regiment are beer-drinkers. As many as twelve languages are spoken in the Regiment.

THE total number of deaths registered in Urban Calcutta during the week ending 10th March, was 950 against 713 and 588 in the two preceding weeks, and higher than the corresponding week of last year by 494. There were 37 deaths from cholera, against 45 and 40 in the two preceding weeks; the number is lower than the average of the past quinquennium by 17. There were 544 deaths from plague, against 373 and 235 in the two preceding weeks. There were 16 deaths from small-pox during the week against 16 in the previous week. There was one death from tetanus against one in the previous week. The mortality from fevers and bowel-complaints ammounted to 110 and 53 respectively, against 91 and 48 in the preceding week. The general death-rate of the week was 106·2 per mille per annum, against 44·9 the mean of the last five years.

THE Madras Legislative Council, met on Tuesday noon, when there was only a small attendance. Contrary to the usual custom no time was expended in answering interpellations. Only one short question was asked by the Mahomedan Member of Council with regard to the village cess in Tanjore, which the Hon'ble Mr. G.S. Forbes answered very briefly. The Honble Mr. A. T. Arundel presented the Report of the Select Committee on the Bill to amend the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884. In a very short speech he mentioned that perhaps the most important alteration in the original Bill made by the Select Committee was the introduction of a provision allowing District Boards under certain restrictions to raise the land cess in order to enable them to undertake the construction of Light Railways. A very long list of amendments, of which notice had been given by members, was then discussed.

A BANGALORE correspondent writes:—"In connection with the Cauvery Fall scheme a number of nonsensical paragraphs has been going the round of the Press—to the effect that the Viceroy had refused to sanction the scheme as half the reserve in the Mysore Treasury would have to be expended, and that the matter should be taken up when the young Maharajah takes over the reins of Government. These are nothing more than random statements made by irresponsible paragraphists. Captain A Joly de Lotbiniere, R. E., Assistant Chief Engineer, Mysore Government, returned to Banglore from Calcutta last Tuesday, whither he had gone to discuss the matter with the Government of India. I am in a position to assure you that the Supreme Government has entirely approved of the scheme and all the difficult points that were alleged to have been insurmountable have been thoroughly won and the energetic Captain has returned with the sanction. The scheme will therefore be put in hand without any unnecessary delay and next month a start will be made. Of course a few details of minor importance remain, but these will not take more than a few days to settle."

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE WAR IN SOUTH AFRICA.

GUNS NOT YET RECOVERED.

PURSUIT OF BOERS ABANDONED.

LONDON, APRIL 4.

The guns and waggons that were captured by the Boers in the ambush affair have not been recovered as erroneously stated by the "Daily Chronicle."

The pursuit of the Boers has been abandoned, hence General Colville's and General French's return to Bloemfontein.

Reuter's correspondent, wiring from Springfontein on the 3rd inst., says that it is believed that there is a number of the enemy between that place and Bloemfontein. General Gatacre is preparing to cope with any attempt to cut Lord Roberts' communications.

[Colonel Broadwood who was in command of the forces on Saturday, belongs to the 12th Lancers. He has seen much service in Africa. He was with the Dongola expeditionary force under Sir Herbert Kitchener in 1896, including the engagement at Firket and the opening at Hafir. He was also in the operations in 1897 including the engagement at Abu Hamed and the occupation of Berber, and to the expedition in 1898 including the cavalry reconnaissance of April 4, and the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum.]

ALL BRITISHERS ORDERED TO LEAVE THE TRANSVAAL.

All Britishers have been ordered to leave the Transvaal except the employes in Government Mines.

CAPE TOWN RESOLUTION IN FAVOUR OF ANNEXATION.

MR. SCHREINER HISSED.

A mass meeting was held yesterday in Capetown, the Mayor presiding, and a resolution was enthusiastically passed in favour of the annexation of the Transvaal and the Orange Free State Republics.

The meeting was returning in procession, when it met Mr. Schreiner who was hissed and hooted and forced to take refuge in a cafe. He eventually reached Parliament House and by uncovering his head when "God save the Queen" was sung, pacified the mob.

Similar meetings took place simultaneously at loyal centres in Cape Colony and Natal.

FURTHER CASUALTIES.

A further list of casualties on the 31st ultimo gives as missing :—Captain Rouse, Lieutenants G. White, F. Stanton, and F. Livingstone Learmouth, all of the Horse Artillery, Lieutenant Toppin of the Northumberlands, Lieuteoant Cantan of the Cornwalls, Captain Ottley of the Yorkshire Light Infantry, Lieutenant Hildyard of the West Kents, and four Colonial Officers.

[Captain H.Rouse, W Battery, R.H.A., had seen no previous active service, having received his commission in 1884, and was made captain in 1893. Lieutenant F. Livingstone Learmouth also belonged to the same battery. He has only been five years in the service.

Lieutenant G. H. A. White and Lieutenant F. A. G. Stanton were attached to the Ammunition Column. Neither had been on previous active service.

Captain G. G. Ottley, Yorkshire Light Infantry, served in the Tirah campaign in 1897 and was present in the engagement at Shin Kamar. He received a medal with two clasps. He joined his regiment in 1891, and was made captain a year ago.

Lieutenant Harry-Stanley Toppin, Northumberland Fusiliers, received his commission in 1895, and three years later served in the occupation of Crete. He was also in the Soudan Campaign under Lord Kitchener in 1898, being present at the battle of Khartoum, and received the British medal and Khedive's medal with clasp.

Second-Lieutenant Reginald C. Carter, Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry, was commissioned on May 4, 1898.

Lieutenant Reginald J. T. Hildyard, West Kents, was attached to the Mounted Infantry.]

ACTIVITY OF THE BOERS.

The "Times" telegram, dated Bloemfontein, the 3rd instant, says that the Boers across the Modder River are in some force to the east of Bloemfontein.

Our Mounted Infantry has been in touch with them all day at Bushman's Kop, twelve miles distant.

COLONEL BROADWOOD'S ENGAGEMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, APRIL 4.

The London correspondent of the "Pioneer," wires under date London, April 3rd :—

All accounts agree that the enemy's position at the Water-Works was one of great natural strength. A wooded ridge, terminating in a long hill, flanks the main kopje on the right, while broken kopjes form the connecting ridge on the left. The general steepness of the ground defied the Mounted Infantry, until the Cavalry flanked them. The ambuscade was clearly a masterpiece of cunning.

Colonel Broadwood's force of 1,400 waggons and 100 convoy had hardly started, and were still breakfasting, when a deadly rifle fire opened from seventy yards. The leading troopers of Roberts' Horse were swept from their saddles, while the mules and oxen, terror-stricken, trampled on the wounded and dying. Four teams, whose drivers were shot, stampeded, and these guns and one other were rescued by Sergeant Martin. Only five were saved, but the "Central News" correspondent is confident that all the others will be recaptured. He praises the gallantry of the gunners, who hauled the guns that were saved out of the spruit clear, of the enemy's range by means of drag-ropes under a perfect hail of shot. Meanwhile Alderson's force held back 7,000 of the enemy, retiring steadily and losing heavily. The force comprised many Colonials, who behaved splendidly, and also the new regiments.

General French, after a magnificent march carried out a turning movement on the right with the main Infantry in the centre, and Colonel Le Gallais on the left. Mr. Rudyard Kipling accompanied the latter's Brigade. The Boers retreated precipitately. A strong commando arriving from Ladybrand was almost decimated by General French. The water-works were destroyed but no anxiety is felt as regards Bloemfontein, which is supplied from springs and a large dam reserve. The Duke of Teck, who commanded the transport, is safe.

THE ESCAPES FROM PRETORIA.

Captain Haldane and Lieutenant LeMesurier, in their attempt to escape, had relied on a promised transfer of officers to other quarters, but a delay occurring they were imprisoned 18 days in a hole two and a half feet in depth under a trap-door. They tried to dig a passage and to open it with a skewer or a screw-driver and bayonet, but without success, and emerged almost too exhausted to walk. Pretending that they were wounded Boers with their arms in slings they followed the railway past the Boer encampment, and within sight of repeated outposts and suffering terribly from want of food. They declare that though beset by searchers, they never offered a bribe.

THE BLOEMFONTEIN DISASTER.

GUNS NOT RE-CAPTURED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, APRIL 5.

An "Indian Daily News" telegram, dated London, April 4th, says :—

Further particulars that are being received of the ambush at the Bloemfontein Water-Works show the complete nature of the surprise and of the utter defeat of Broadwood's Force.

The attacking party consisted principally of Free Staters under Olivier, who had succeeded in so skilfully eluding Pilcher, in his retreat from Stormberg. He had considerably reinforced by commandos, which had been detached from the main army of the Boers, when it retreated northwards before the advance of Roberts. The skill with which Olivier had laid the ambush was only equalled by the blind confidence with which the British convoy walked into it. According to the Capetown correspondent of the "Times" there was apparently no scouting done at all. There was not a man ahead of the escort, and those behind did not discover that anything was wrong until half the convoy had been captured. Some of the troops composing the brigade suffered terribly. "A" Squadron of the 6th Dragoons (Inniskillings), numbering 140 at the start, mustered afterwards, when the remnants were extricated from the deathtrap, only ten mounted men. The guns which were lost were not recaptured as was at first reported by the "Daily Chronicle."

Olivier's re-occupation of Ladybrand and Thabanchu, which had been previously occupied by General French, was a piece of brilliant strategy.

Dysentery and enteric are spreading to an alarming extent among the soldiers at Modder Spruit.

BURGHERS RETURN TO THEIR FARMS.

STEYN'S ATTITUDE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

COLOMBO, APRIL 5.

London telegrams to Australian papers state that Lord Roberts estimates that fully three-fourths of the fighting men in the southern part of the Orange Free State have returned to their farms. President Steyn is fast losing confidence in the Burghers owing to their duplicity.

The Royal Engineers are repairing the bridges destroyed by the Boers, and trains are now crossing the Tugela at Colenso and conveying supplies to Buller's Army. Fourteen thousand Boers and twenty guns are entrenched at Biggarsberg Mountains, North Natal. Proofs are forthcoming that the Boer losses in Natal are believed to have been between December 12th and January 14th, 1,494.

Mr. Schreiner has consented to proclaim a public holiday at Capetown when Mafeking is relieved. Kruger admits that he is unable to keep the field for one more month, but he did not want outside help ; 40,000 men were fighting and would conquer or die. He would accept no conventions and claimed absolute independence and an amnesty for disloyalists.

FRANCE AND ENGLAND.

M. Lockroy, ex-French Minister of Marine, has expressed the opinion that within two years war is certain between France and England.

THE MAILS.

SUEZ, APRIL 5.

The P. and O. s.s. Rome, with the outward mails of the 30th ultimo, left here at 3 a.m., to-day.

ADEN, APRIL 5.

The P. and O. Company s.s. Carthage, with the homeward mails of the 31st ultimo, arrived here at 2 p.m., to-day.

HEIR-APPARENT TO PALITANA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

PALITANA, APRIL 4.

All Palitana is en fete to-day owing to the birth of an heir-apparent to his Highness Sir Mansinhjee, K.C.S.I., Thakore Saheb of Palitana.

The whole population is full of joy and happiness since the event was announced by a feu de joie this morning. All the public schools and offices have been closed, and a durbar was held at noon, which was largely attended by the elite and the populace to tender their heart-felt congratulations to his Highness, when sweets and delicacies were distributed. His Highness has ordered to be set at liberty a good number of prisoners from the State gaol and to feed the poor largely with sweetmeats in celebration of the occasion.

THE LATE DEWAN MANIBHAI.

BARODA, APRIL 4.

The public meeting held this evening at Nagarsheth's resolved to send a letter of condolence to the son of Dewan the Bahadur Manibhai and close all shops in the city on thirteenth day of his death.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

The Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours, ending at 6 a.m., yesterday, give the following results :—

Wards.	Plague, Attacks.	Deaths.	Deaths from all Causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern Fort Southern and Esplanade	5	3	15
B Mandvi, Chuckla, Umarkhadi and Dongri	30	13	67
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Fanaswady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao and Khumbharwada	35	6	41
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar and Malabarhill	18	4	22
E Mazagon, Tarwadi, 2nd Nagpada, Kamathipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	27	11	88
F Parel, Sewri and Sion	9	7	29
G Mahim and Worli	13	11	32
Water Division	0	0	0
Non-Resident and Unknown	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	39	63
Total	137	94	357
Total plague deaths to date	70,985	60,963	
Same date last year	140	103	248

SMALL-POX.

Attacks	16
Deaths	14

CHOLERA.

Attacks	1
Deaths	2

BANDRA.

There were 10 cases and 8 deaths from plague reported within the Bandra Municipality on the 4th instant.

OBSTRUCTING A DISTRICT PLAGUE OFFICER.

At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Vithoo Pandoo and his brother Mayaji were charged before Mr. W. Webb, with obstructing Lieutenant E. E. C. Dolgeish, 1st Lancers, H. C., in the execution of his duty. Lieutenant Dolgeish is a district plague officer, A Ward (north). The accused resided in a house at Dougree. About two months ago several cases of plague having occurred in the house, occupied by the accused, the tenants were taken to a segregation camp and the house was closed. The first accused fearing segregation, ran away and was nowhere to be found. This morning Lieutenant Dolgeish learnt that accused had returned and re-occupied his room. Accompanied by Mr. Shivram Vithal, a plague volunteer, and his staff, Lieutenant Dolgeish proceeded to the house and remonstrated with the accused for re-occupying the house without permission. The first accused got boisterous over this, and raising a stick, which was lying near him, threatened to assault Lieutenant Dolgeish and the plague volunteer. The second accused then appeared on the scene and attempted to drag the district officer out of the room. The magistrate convicted both the accused and sentenced them to pay a fine of Rs. 30 each, or in default to suffer fourteen days' rigorous imprisonment.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION OF THE PRINCE OF WALES.

LONDON, APRIL 4.

H. R. H. the Prince of Wales, when passing through Brussels, to-day, on his way to Denmark, was fired at with a revolver at the railway station.

His assailant, who was at once arrested, is a Belgian tinsmith, aged sixteen, and an Anarchist. His name is Sipido. He states that he wanted to avenge the thousands slain by us in South Africa.

It appears that the assailant jumped on the footboard of the carriage in which were the Prince and Princess of Wales and an Equerry, and fired twice through the window, providentially hitting nobody.

APRIL 5.

The newspapers unitedly denounce the dastardly attack on H. R. H. the Prince of Wales which some attribute partly to the bitter attacks on England in the Continental press and to Dr. Leyds' pro-Boer propaganda.

Lord George Hamilton, speaking at Acton, said that if there was reason to be sought for the outrage it must be recollected that Brussels is the head-quarters, of a factory of lies, of which Dr. Leyds was the manager.

ADMIRAL DEWEY TO STAND FOR THE PRESIDENCY.

Admiral Dewey has announced his willingness to stand for the Presidency of the United States.

[Admiral Dewey, as a victim of American hero-worship, has been asked to stand for the Presidency of the United States. Complying with the requests of his friends—or rather his admirers—he has consented to stand. He made his name in the war, married a rich widow, and nothing will satiate American enthusiasm but that he must run against either the retiring President, or any other man who may come forward. But Admiral Dewey is neither a diplomatist nor a politician. He is a sailor to the backbone. He received his first commission in the American Navy in 1861 and was with Admiral Farragent when the American fleet forced an entrance to the Mississippi river and captured New Orleans. He was on the "Mississippi" when she grounded and was shot to pieces, took part in the attack on Fort Fisher, and served as Lieutenant-Commander on the Kearsage. He commanded the Narraganesett and the Pensacola, of which he was appointed captain and in 1896 he was promoted commodore. In January, 1898, he was sent to the Asiatic stations. In the war with Spain he greatly distinguished himself, destroying the Spanish Fleet in a brilliant engagement in Manila Bay (May 1st, 1898), without losing a single vessel of the fleet he commanded. For this he was promoted to be rear-admiral, and was voted a sword of honour—together with the thanks of Congress and the American people. On September 29th, 1899, Admiral Dewey received a great popular ovation on his arrival in New York, where he was presented by the Mayor, on behalf of the citizens, with a gold loving-cup and freedom of the city. There was also a review to honour him in which 30,000 troops took part. On October 3rd, the sword of honour was presented to Admiral Dewey in the capital at Washington by Mr. Long, Secretary to the Navy, in the presence of the President McKinley, the members of the Cabinet and the judiciary, the highest officers in the Army and Navy, and an immense concourse of people.]

THE QUEEN AT DUBLIN.

ENTHUSIASTIC WELCOME.

The Queen landed at Dublin, to-day. Her Majesty was met with stately ceremonial. The Lord Mayor presented the keys of the city and the civic sword to Her Majesty who, in reply to an address from the Corporation, thanked the citizens of Dublin for their Royal welcome and said : "I am deeply gratified to be able to see again the motherland of those brave sons who have borne themselves in defence of my crown and empire with cheerful valour as conspicuous as in the glorious past."

Her Majesty's reply was received with acclamations which were continued unbroken until the Viceregal Lodge was reached.

The weather was brilliant and Her Majesty's entry altogether was an immense success, and the Queen was deeply impressed with the enthusiasm displayed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, APRIL 4.

A London telegram to the "Pioneer" says :—Dublin is packed with people who are sleeping in the streets. Her Majesty the Queen insists on every precaution being taken for the public safety. Replying to an address at Holyhead to-day, her Majesty added : "The practical and generous sympathy which all classes have shown to the sufferers in the present war has been my great consolation during the suspense and anxiety through which we are passing. May peace soon be restored, and the other blessings of Heaven be long continued to my Empire.

DEATH OF DR. MIVART.

Dr. St. George Mivart, the scientist, is dead.

The late Dr. Mivart whose death is announced, was professor of the philosophy of natural history at Louvain. He was born in London on November 30, 1827, and was educated at Harrow, King's College, London, and St. Mary's College, Oscott. He joined the Roman Catholic Church in 1844, and was called to the Bar in 1851. In 1862 he was appointed lecturer at St. Mary's Hospital, and in 1874 professor of biology at University College, London. Originally, he was one of the stoutest opponents of the Darwinian theory, and, as Darwin himself acknowledged, by far the most formidable of his critics. Recently, however, Mr. Mivart has considerably modified his views, with the exception of those of the descent of man. A devout Roman Catholic, he nevertheless came under the displeasure of the Church on account of his curious views as to "happiness in hell"—a sort of infernal evolution, and was recently excommunicated by the Cardinal.

In the correspondence which appeared in the "Times," a few weeks ago we find the aged scientist in vain appealing to Cardinal Vaughan to find him a loophole of escape : the answer was in effect that he must be prepared to perform what for him amounted to intellectual "harkari" or "frankly own himself a rationalist pure and simple." And then comes the final reply of Dr. Mivart : "It is now evident that a vast and impassable abyss yawns between Catholic dogma and science, and no man with ordinary knowledge can henceforth join the communion of the Roman Catholic Church if he correctly understands what its principles and teaching really are unless they are radically changed. . . For who profess to believe the narrative about the Tower of Babel, or that all species of animals came up to Adam to be named after him? . . . It has long been painful to me to think of the teaching given in Catholic schools and often proclaimed from the pulpit. . . Happily I can now speak with entire frankness as to my convictions. "Liberavi animam meam" I can sing my "nunc dimittis" and calmly await the future. It is not necessary, it would indeed be entirely out of place here, writes a contemporary to discuss the arguments of the Cardinal and the man of science, or to express any opinion as to whether the Mivart of 1900 is more likely to be right than the Mivart of 1844 : "I am" said Rogers, of the religion of every sensible man, and no sensible man tells his religion:" but whether Mivart was right or wrong he pursued the truth for the sake of the truth with an intellectual courage and an unflinching fidelity which are worthy of the highest admiration and of perpetual memory. Whatever be our particular doxy we may say that in respect of its unconquerable veracity such a life is an illustrious example.

Honours.—F.R.S., 1867 ; Vice-President of the Zoological Society, 1869-82 ; Secretary of the Linnean Society, 1874-80 ; Vice-President of the Linnean Society, 1880-92 ; Ph. D. Rome, 1876 ; M. D. Louvain, 1884.

Principal Works.—"Genesis of Species" (1871), "Lessons in Elementary Anatomy" (1872), "Man and Apes" (1873), "Lessons from Nature," "Contemporary Evolution" (1876), "The cat" (1881), "Nature and Thought" (1883), "On Truth," "The Origin of Human Reason" (1889), "Monograph of the Cetacea" (1890), "Birds" (1892), "Types of animal Life" (1893), "Introduction to the Elements of Science" (1894).

COLLISION AT SEA.

S. S. BRAHMANI SUNK NEAR KARWAR.

News was received in Bombay on Tuesday by Messrs. Shepherd & Co., from their agent at Karwar, that the s. s. Brahmani and s. s. Sabarmati, both of the same company, collided at Karwar, near Oyster Rock Light House, at about 12-10 a.m., on the 4th instant. The Brahmani sunk after the collision, and the Sabarmati has sustained damage. The Brahmani is of 523 tons, and was under the command of Captain Ismail Cassum. She left Bombay on the 30th ultimo for Mangalore, via coast ports, with a general cargo and passengers. The Brahmani was returning from Mangalore, and the Sabarmati was proceeding from here to the above port, having left on Monday last, under the command of Captain A. Fakira. The passengers and crew were all saved, except the cargo. On receipt of the news the s.s. Premier, of the same company, was at once despatched to the scene of disaster, followed by s. s. Indravati. Mr. R. Ditchburn, Superintending Engineer, and Mr. Hajee Ahmed with six divers also proceeded on Wednesday by the s. s. Indravati. The Brahmani was built in 1891 at Ayrshire. The Sabarmati being unable to proceed is returning to Bombay, and may be expected to-day. The Brahmani is a total wreck, only her two masts and funnel are visible. The crew and passengers of the Brahmani were safely landed.

THE GAEKWAR IN THE TAPTI VALLEY FORESTS.

The personal visits of his Highness the Maharaja Gaekwar to the affected districts of his Raj, writes a correspondent, always carry in their train a series of beneficent undertakings, all calculated to mitigate the distress of his people. This time it was the turn of the Navsari district to receive some benefit of the high-minded generosity of the Maharaja. Kadi and Amreli districts, as the most sorely-affected parts of the Gaekwar's Dominions, were the first to be honoured with such visits, which were looked upon as so many humane missions on behalf of charity and a generous desire to alleviate human sufferings. Parts of the Baroda district were then visited and latterly his Highness the Maharaja Sahib thought of paying a flying visit to the jungles of Songadh, in the Navsari district. Navsari has been fortunate enough in escaping this general scourge to some extent. Its fertile districts have been let off on comparatively easier terms and the rainfall there had not entirely failed. The jungles, however, were very badly off and the aboriginal tribes of Naikdas and Dhankas living in their secluded and deserted hamlets were soon reduced to miserable straits. As long as the grass-cutting operations were going on, the Songadh people were thriving ; but that occupation being over the poor and indigent wretches had a very trying time of it to keep their body and soul together. These fleshless and bloodless people were found on the outskirts of Songadh in quest of food or work ; and it was thought imperatively necessary to hasten to their relief and give them every kind of help necessary under the circumstances. Ever watchful of the stern call of duty his Highness the Gaekwar hastened to Songadh just after the Holi and set himself to work vigorously for the alleviation of the miseries endured by this section of the distressed humanity. There was another reason, also, which induced the Maharaja to undertake this tour to a district which owing to its unenviable reputation for insalubrious climate is known as the "kala pani" of the Gaekwar's territories. Songadh has now become the chief mart of hay ; and grass from the Tapti Valley jungles has been supplied to far-off parts of north Gujarat, Kathiawar and even Rajputana. Operations of supplying grass to the capital are also centred at Songadh and the Maharaja had a mind to examine for himself some irregularities complained of in this branch of the famine relief operations.

His Highness the Gaekwar stayed for a week in his camp pitched on the banks of the Tapti on the borders of Khandesh near Navapura. The week's stay, however, was productive of immense good. The sanctions that would have taken months through the usual routine of official red-tapeism were given and communicated in a day. Large poor-houses were ordered to be instituted at Songadh, Vyara, and other centres of human habitation in this thinly-populated and barren tract of land. Operations for felling bamboos and splitting them for the construction of sheds for relief labourers were ordered to be set on foot for the aboriginal populace. Forest roads were commenced with a view to open up the hoary-forests and make them easily accessible. Large sums were sanctioned for giving taccavi advances for sinking wells and for other measures calculated to improve the nature of the soil and add to its fertilizing powers. Tanks were ordered to be excavated and the cultivators were ordered to be helped with taccavi grants for the accessories of their occupation. Grass was also ordered to be advanced as taccavi to the cultivators who had no money to support their cattle. All these measures ordered and commenced on the spot under his very eye left a very favourable impression on the minds of these sorely tried people for their loving ruler.

In the midst of these serious pursuits and grave avocations his Highness the Gaekwar who is a keen sportsman found time also for recreation so necessary in these days of hard work, anxiety and turmoil. The Songadh jungles are known to be abodes of tigers and other wild animals, and the Maharaja went out for shikar with the object of bagging some of them. A huge, fine tigress, measuring seven feet in length and three feet six inches in height, was shot by the Maharaja who was accompanied in this excursion by Captain Watson and Lieutenant Vithul Rao, both of H. H. the Gaekwar's forces. A big tiger was also scented, but he succeeded in eluding the blockade of the vigilant beaters and though the shikaris tried thier best to entrap the brute it has succeeded so far in escaping their clutches. His Highness the Maharaja was called away to his capital by affairs more important. A big irrigation work is being started as a relief measure in Sankheda in the Eastern Baroda Division, and his Highness has gone there to-day. He, however, has not abandoned the idea of hunting down the furious brute in the Songadh forests and has left his camp people and shikaris on the banks of the Tapti to keep their eye on the animal which has till now succeeded in eluding their efforts.

ARREST OF A SUPPOSED MURDERER

On Wednesday night, the Bombay police arrested one Dhakoo alias Gowroo Makoonda, a native of the Kolaba District, at present staying in Bombay, on a charge of having murdered his wife Neera, in the village of Nizampoora, about three years ago. The crime took place some time during July, 1896, the accused, it is alleged, after killing his wife, burying the body in his own room and thereafter absconding. After knocking about Poona, Nasik and several other places, the man arrived in Bombay about two months ago and took up his residence in a house at Dongree. During his stay in Bombay he earned his livelihood by working as a basket cooly. The Kolaba police having received information as to accused's whereabouts, they arrived in Bombay on Wednesday. They identified the man and Inspector Power put him under arrest. The accused was yesterday morning placed before Mr. Hartley Kennedy, Commissioner of Police, who ordered the man to be charged before a magistrate and sent to Kolaba in charge of the Kolaba police.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

PLYMOUTH, APRIL 4.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Golconda arrived here this morning.

LONDON, APRIL 4.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Campbell arrived here yesterday evening.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Ferguson left here this afternoon.

SUEZ, APRIL 4.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Macarthur arrived here from Colombo, Madras and Calcutta, this morning.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, APRIL 4.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed steady. Surats dull.

Good Bhownuggur	4 24-32

The Manchester Market has been quiet.

2 3-4 per cent. Consols	101 15-16
3 per cent. Rentes	101
8 1-2 per cent. Sterling loan	111
3 1-2 per cent. Rupee papers	64 1-4
Bar Silver	27 1-2

SECOND CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

The Hon. Mr. Justice Fulton presided at a sitting of the Sessions Court yesterday morning.

OLD OFFENDERS PUNISHED.

Janki Ganpat, an old offender, who had pleaded guilty to a charge of housebreaking and theft, was placed at the bar to receive sentence. His Lordship told him he had been convicted several times before ; and he was now sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for five years.

Aboo Sulleman, who had been convicted of theft, was placed at the bar to receive sentence. Prisoner admitted several previous convictions, but said this time he was only drunk. His Lordship told him there were many previous convictions against him ; and he was now sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for five years.

CUTTING A WOMAN'S NOSE.

Bodoo Lodhay was placed at the bar to receive sentence on having pleaded guilty to a charge of having, on the 8th February last, voluntarily caused grievous hurt to Radhee, woman, by cutting her nose with a knife. His Lordship had the woman called and examined the injury she had sustained, and remarked to the prisoner that it was a very serious crime of which he had been guilty, and that he had injured the woman very severely. There was some provocation received by him as he stated before the committing magistrate ; but it was no extenuation of the offence ; and he was now sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for four years.

KIDNAPPING A LITTLE GIRL FOR MARRIAGE.

Tukaram Ranoo, an elderly Hindoo, was charged with having, on the 19th October 1898 kidnapped a girl named Gita, aged six years, from the lawful guardianship of her father, Govind Mypatti, with the intention of compelling her to marry his son. Mr. Cursondas Chubbildas, instructed by Mr. Nicholson, Public Prosecutor, appeared for the Crown.

The accused and the girl's father resided in the same chawl at Currey Road about fifteen months ago. The accused had then made proposals to the girl's father to the effect that the girl should be married to his (accused's) son. That proposal was not accepted shortly afterwards the girl and the accused were both missed from the chawl, it being found that she had been taken to Aurangabad, where the accused was arrested after the girl had been married to his son. The accused, in his defence alleged that he took away the girl with the consent of her father, to whom he had paid Rs. 200.

His Lordship, in summing up, said the accused had admitted taking the girl away. The only point at issue was whether he had taken her away with the consent of her father and lawful guardian. His Lordship pointed out that the father, on the very day the girl was missed, had made a complaint to the police. That did not look as though he had consented to the marriage. The jury, after a short consultation, found the prisoner not guilty by a majority of 8 to 1, and he was discharged.

ADMINISTRATION OF DHATURA.

Chundrea, a beggar woman, was charged with having, on the 13th November last, administered a stupefying drug (dhatura) to another beggar named Ookaghir Ramghir, and with robbing him of Rs. 49, and with abetting another man, since dead, in the commission of theft. Mr. Strangman, instructed by the Public Prosecutor, appeared for the Crown.

The complainant in the case was a leper, who during the time he was giving his evidence was made to stand on a piece of matting at a considerable distance from the witness-box and the jury. It appeared that about the 13th November, he had intimated that he was about to proceed to his native country. The accused at that time was in the habit of cooking his food which a man named Narian Singh assisted him in begging. The three were in the habit of sitting in Cowasji Patel Tank Street where, on the afternoon of the day above mentioned, the woman as usual prepared his food. She was heard to ask Narian if he had brought a powder, and afterwards, said the same was for the good of the complainant's health. After the complainant had partaken of his food, he lay down on a bundle, which in addition to containing his clothes, also held a sum of about Rs. 53. The complainant remained unconscious from that time till the next morning when he awoke and found himself in the J. J. hospital. It appeared that a police sepoy had found him lying on the road and had conveyed him to the hospital, where he was found to be suffering from dhatura poison. The man Narian was subsequently found in possession of a rosary belonging to the complainant, while the remainder of the stolen property, and the cup in which the poison was given was found in the possession of the accused.

Evidence was then called for the prosecution.

The accused denied that she administered the poison. She said the complainant had become ill and had left his property for her to take care of.

Mr. Strangman, at the close of the evidence, submitted that the medical evidence conclusively proved that dhatura had been administered to the complainant. The other evidence showed the accused was the person who had put the drug in the food, with the obvious intention of robbing the complainant of his money and other property.

The jury unanimously found the accused not guilty of administering poistion, but guilty of theft. They recommended her to mercy.

His Lordship sentenced the prisoner to one year's rigorous imprisonment, remarking that the jury had taken a lenient view in regard to the poisoning.

The hearing of witnesses for the defence in one case having been held over, the Sessions were adjourned till 11 o'clock on Wednesday the 18th inst.

AHMEDABAD NEWS.

Our Ahmedabad correspondent writes :—The Mahomedans of Ahmedabad were not slow in expressing their gratification at the successes achieved by the British army in South Africa. All classes of people were invited by the leading Mahomedan Shettias of the city in the hall of the Anjuman-i-Islam buildings, a fortnight ago. Loyal speeches were delivered by Messrs. Rahimtula Rassaldar, Shaik Usman Kureshi, Kazi Nizamudin and Rao Bahadur Laishanker Umiashanker. It was unanimously resolved that congratulatory messages be sent to her Majesty the Queen-Empress, Lord Roberts and the British Army. Pirjada Sayed Mahomed occupied the chair. Invitations were issued in the names of Messrs. Abdul Latif Saffree, Gulam Hossein Lalbhai, Shaikh Usman Kurishi and Kazi Nizamudin. After a vote of thanks to the chairman, the gathering dispersed at 6-30 p. m.

Mr. Gordhanram Madhowram Tripathi, B.A., LL.B., delivered a lecture, entitled "Some Historical Aspects of Social Problems," under the auspices of The Literary and Scientific Society of Ahmedabad, in the Bholanath Institute, on Saturday last. Mr. Tripathi is a native of Nariad and was a successful pleader on the Appellate Side of the High Court. Though Mr. Tripathi has gone into retirement at his native place, he has shown his desire to be useful to his countrymen by giving them the benefit of his own knowledge and experience by delivering lectures on social subjects and by publishing works on important social matters.

The opium and share speculators who have been of late found to be a little turbulent, on the public road, near the Fernandez Bridge, have been well caught by the police and brought to justice before the City Magistrate. They have been charged with committing affray under Section 145 of the Indian Penal Code. Again, it was found, that they were divided into two parties and fought among themselves. Hence there were cross-complaints brought by the parties in the City Magistrate's Court. The Magistrate thought it was a good case and dealt with them severally by awarding one month's rigorous imprisonment to each of the accused. The accused have appealed to the High Court on legal grounds, as decisions of cases tried summarily, do not admit of appeals on ordinary grounds.

Mr. Lely, the Revenue Commissioner, has given a donation of Rs. 100 to the Poor House at Sarangpore, which is managed by Dr. Benjamin Joseph and Mr. J. D. Mehta, and showed his willingness to pay more when more funds are wanted. Mr. Lely has also paid Rs. 100 out of the fund sent by Mr. McCorkell from England.

One hundred and forty persons await their trial before the First-Class Magistrate of Modassa for committing raid upon carts going from the village of Demal to Modassa, which were laden with ghee, wheat and other articles of merchandise. More than a hundred and twenty prisoners are lying in the police lock-up here, some of them awaiting their trial before the Sessions Court and some before the Magistrates in the city.

The total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending April 3rd was 2,463, giving a death-rate of 152·18 per annum per thousand as against 125·16 the corresponding period of last year, and 69·66 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 263 died from fevers ; 685, plague ; 120, small-pox ; 65, measles ; 7, cholera ; 2, leprosy ; 206, phthisis ; 89, diseases of the nervous system ; 328, affections of the respiratory organs ; 172, diarrhœa ; 84, dysentery ; 58, still-born ; 173, old age and debility ; 21, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows :—Jain, 70 ; Brahmin, 58 ; Lingaet, 9 ; Bhattia, 12 ; Hindu of other caste, 1,329 ; Hindu low caste, 275 ; Musalman, 586 ; Parsee, 38 ; Jew, 8 ; Native Christian, 62 ; Eurasian 3 ; European, 5 ; Negro-African, 3 ; other and unknown caste, 5. The total number of births was 191 as against 153 the corresponding period of last year, and 199 the average over the past five years.

TABLE TALK.

BY WALTER BESANT.

LONDON, MARCH 16.

The University of Chicago has enlisted itself in the cause of spelling reform. For my own part I want no spelling reform. If people find the difficulties of spelling to great for them, it is a proof either of a not uncommon defect in the connection of eye and brain or of bad education. It may also be a result of learning English late in life. Everybody knows men of scientific distinction who spell badly, because their eyes, somehow, are not able to communicate to the brain an indelible picture of the word spelt aright. I dare say this is an unscientific way of putting it, but my meaning is plain. Everybody also knows people who spell badly because their earliest speech was in French, German, or Italian. As for those whose early education was deficient, they grow every year fewer in number. The so-called spelling reformers are mostly phonetic people. That is to say, they would fix the spelling of the language at the reckless sacrifice of its history, according to the accidental pronunciation of the day, regardless of the fact that pronunciation varies from century to century, so that there would be no finality. The phonetic spelling of to-day will be wrong to-morrow. There must be a new reform in one hundred or two hundred years' time. Those who object to change—which is not reform—do so on the ground that the spelling in most cases is historical, and represents former pronunciation and the history of the word. For instance, Chicago University, in its wisdom, would write "tho" for "though" ; but the latter spelling preserves the memory of the old pronunciation, still to be heard in rural England in the form of "thof." The words "catalogue" and "dialogue," which our friends would write "catalog," "dialog," preserve in what are called the "useless" letters the proof of their derivation through the French. It does seem superfluous not to say "Vandalic," to sacrifice the history of a language, as shown by its spelling, simply in order to make its writing a little easier to uneducated people. On the other hand, there are, I believe, many forms of modern spelling which cannot be defended from a historical point of view. Would it not be possible for a few scholars—Professor Skeat as president—to draw up a list of them, and to substitute forms more in harmony with the history of a word,

I believe that all the fuss about the necessity of spelling reform is due to the ridiculous pretension that spelling is a part, or a proof, of good education. It is not. It matters nothing how private persons spell so long as printers and literary folk know the right way. The bookish lad will teach himself to spell, unless his eyes are deficient, simply by reading. The brain, as I have just suggested, unconsciously retains a picture of every word in the language. For boys and girls to spend precious hours every week in learning to spell when in after life they will hardly ever want to write at all is surely the most futile mockery of education that the veriest educational fanatic ever devised. I believe, however, that all this is now altered, and that even in the army examinations candidates are at last allowed, in the matter of spelling, to go their own way. I do not know what they do at Cambridge in these latter days, but I remember a case in my own time in which an unfortunate man, afterwards a high wrangler, was plucked in his Little Go—it was the Paley paper—for spelling miracle nine different ways in one page ! You see the poor man's eyes were somehow wrong ; his brain had a confused image of words ; he simply could not spell save in some rude phonetic fashion, which preserved the consonants and jumbled the vowels. My friend, who would, perhaps, have made a fine scholar in the languages where only the consonants are set down, was considered by the examiner as a humorist of respectable standing, but as one who exercised his talents in the wrong place. Paley's "Evidences of Christianity," he said, was not a book to be spelled wrong even in the funniest manner. A book which for a hundred years has proved the truths of religion conclusively, and has not converted any unbeliever, is much too solemn to be made the subject of spelling puzzles. Therefore the wrong speller was plucked.

I have argued, in another place, that we are eye witnesses, if we choose to open our eyes, to the development of literature—that of our tongue—in quite a new and unexpected manner. Formerly there was the assumption that, whether a book was published in London or in New York, it was a bid for the literature of the language. That is no longer the case, in spite of international copyright. There has arisen in this country, in the United States, and, to a less degree, in Australia, Canada, and India a local, apart from a common, literature. That is to say there are books of all kinds which have a local demand but are not known outside the country in which they are published. An American visitor before a bookstall will understand at once what I mean ; he will point to dozens of books

sation as the Americans could bestow. Finally, "any American that will sympathise with England in any shape or form is a traitor and not worthy to be called American." Very good. Then there follows a letter on "Land Grabbing Britain." The writer shows that all other countries, including the United States, are "land grabbers" as much as Great Britain. A third writer points out that millions of Americans are full of friendliness to Great Britain. A fourth reminds his countrymen that it is for liberty that England is now fighting, not for conquest—and so on. The evidence is overwhelming that the desire of educated Americans is almost entirely in favour of friendliness with this country. Many of them understand clearly that the downfall of the British Empire would certainly mean a combination against the United States by the forces of European despotism and militarism which even their incomparable resources could not resist. On the other hand, there is a vast mass in the United States of people who are implacable in their hostility—Irish, many Germans, farmers ignorant of history save from the one-sided view of their elementary books and workingmen moved by the eloquence of politicians who have long learned that abuse of Great Britain is a safe card for platform purposes. All we can do is to have patience. The great hope and the true strength of democracy is that the people do still, and always, desire leaders worthy of their confidence.

CYCLING AT HOME.

LONDON, MARCH 15.

Now that the fine weather flies has set in and the roads are favourable to cycling those riders who have not been riding throughout the winter are busy overhauling their machins with the view to putting in a bit of riding so as to get thoroughly fit before Easter. Easter falling late will be a great advantage, as it will be probably mean mare settled weather than is usually associated with that festival. The heavy and continuous rains which marked January and February justify the hope that the worst of the wet weather has been seen for some time to come and consequently a full spell of fine dry weather may be expected with some confidence. If the weather keeps fine until Easter trade will rapidly revive. The favourable change in the state of affairs in South Africa and the prospect of a speedier termination of the war than was at one time expected is also a cheering factor which should render the outlook less gloomy than it hitherto appeared.

The motor movement is slowly but steadily making headway in England, and already in the suburbs motors are allowed to pass with only casual notice whereas twelve months ago the appearance of a motor-car caused almost as much sensation as a travelling menagerie. The English motor-builders are now beginning to shape to their work and there can be no question that for strength, durability and finish, the products of Coventry and Birmingham will suffer those which are turned out from the big factories on the Seine. Although the motor movement in England is so slowly feeling its way, there is no doubt that the foundation of a great British industry is being laid. At present, the best motor systems are of French origin and consequently have to be fitted or manufactured under license. But with two such virile organizations as the Motor Car Club and the Automobile Club there are great possibilities for the future of automobiles in this country.

It is a pity that certain irresponsible members of the Cyclists' Touring Club much latitude in the case of epistolary comments in the pages of their own organ, because the C. T. C. Gazette—in other respects an eminently readable production—is widely read, and when these comments, as they frequently are, are of the nature of covert attacks upon the sister organization (the National Cyclists' Union) the hopes of a fusion of the two bodies, or at any rate an amalgamation or affiliation, become dim and remote. For instance, a councillor of the C. T. C. accuses the N. C. U. of appropriating the club's scheme for erecting danger-boards. Now every cyclist of any standing knows that it was originally the other way up, and that, at the outset, it was the N. C. U. which erected the danger-boards and the C. T. C. who petitioned for leave to share the expense of the movement. Seeing that the C. T. C. exists for the very class to whom danger-boards are most useful, there was no objection and the course was allowed.

Easter, which at one time was the great racing carnival of the year, with professional meetings galore, will fall flat this year. There is to be a great meeting at the Wood Green track—the last prior to its demolition—and no doubt there will be a big crowd, as sentiment alone and a desire to witness the closing scene will be responsible for an augmented attendance. But meanwhile the Paris racing season opens, and by Easter it will be in full swing, so that many of the best known of the English professionals will be there looking after the important money prizes offered. At the Crystal Palace, so far as is at present known, motor races will be run on the track, and possibly Platt Betts may, motor-paced, make some attempts on records. The one cheering fact is that despite the pessimism displayed as to the value of a track as an asset, the three South London tracks, Catford, Herne Hill, and the Crystal Palace, are still extant.

On the 12th inst., Mr. Wyndham, the Under-Secretary for War, in the course of an elaborate speech in the House of Commons, dealt fully with the new Army progarmme. The part which was of most interest to cyclists was that dealing with the encouragement to be afforded volunteer cyclists, who were warned that, although the Government would not absolutely discourage mounted volunteer infantry, volunteers would be wiser to put their money on cycles, rather than on horses. "Therefore we encourage them to put their money on bicycles, or rather our money on bicyclesbecause we shall encourage every volunteer regiment to form one company of mounted infantry on bicycles. To encourage that we will give an extra capitation grant of £2, which will amount to about £50,000 a year." This will be splendid news for military cycling enthusiasts, and it will be amusing to observe how all the cycling papers will rush to claim the distinction of having brought Her Majesty's War Office to reason. "Alone we did it!" will be the cry.

Fifty thousand pounds annually expended in capitation grants of £2, will provide for the partial maintenance of twenty-five thousand soldier-cyclists. At present, it is not quite clear whether the annual £2 will be paid individually to each volunteer who qualifies himself as a member of a cyclists' company, or whether it will go into the coffers of the corps But whichever way the money is distributed, it will give a great fillip to the cycle movement. Inasmuch as volunteers who form parts of cycle companies have to find their own machines, and subject them to the hard wear-and-tear to which cycles used by volunteer-cyclists must be submitted, it would seem only just that the £2 per annum should be paid to the cyclist towards the up-keep of his machine, or the provision of a new mount when the old steel-charger has to be pensioned off. Looked at from any point of view it is a remarkable evidence of the importance which the War Office is inclined to attach to the value of the cycle in modern warfare.

There will be no spring meeting of the Surrey Bicycle Club at the Oval this year, the fixture, which takes place on Saturday the 12 May having been transferred to the Crystal Palace track. It is more than probable that the autumn meeting will also be held at the Crystal Palace. The great event at these bi-annual meetings is the competition for the Surrey Cup, which usually brings out a good array of amateur talent, and is indeed one of the most important amateur events of the year. However, the meeting never seems to flourish when transplanted as it does upon its native soilt, the Oval. One does not get the enthusiastic Oval crowd at the Palace, and possibly opportunity for a little surreptitious betting. The bookmaker does not flourish at the Palace, whereas he has always been a feature of the great Cartford meetings. His ways are remarkable for "slimness," for he suddenly appears from among a crowd of spectators and, droning the odds in an undertone as though speaking to himself, soon finds plenty of clients.

It is a much debated question whether the elaborate system of Hotel rebates to those cyclists who happen to be members of the National Cyclists' Union for Cyclists Toursing Club in the main makes for good or evil. Many Cyclists contend that they can get quite as good fare, at cheaper rates than the members of these organisations pay, even with the rebate of twopence in the shilling thrown in. The unfortunate part of the matter is that those cyclists who happen to be unattached, and who, being of modest means, wish to seek a less pretentious hostelry, than a C. T. C Hotel, find frequently that for quite plain ordinary fare, with indifferent accommodation, "cyclists prices" are charged on the same scale as the C. T. C. houses, where the rebate is allowed. The tendency has been to make refreshment and maintenance dearer all round. Quite recently, and unattached cyclist complained that he was charged two shillings for a mug of ale, and bread, butter, and cheese ("ad lib" certainly) served in the bar parlour of a third-rate country beer house.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it "will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair" to its original colour without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots, where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemist for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," Sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere at 3s. 6d. per Bottle Wholesale depot, 33, Farringdon Road, London, England.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

A MEETING of the Municipal Corporation was held yesterday afternoon, in the Council Hall of the Municipality, when there was a large attendance of members.

On the motion of Dr. Cawasji Hormusji, seconded by Sir Bhalchandra Krishna, the Honourable Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtoola was called to the chair.

APPOINTMENT OF PRESIDENT.

The first business before the meeting was the appointment of a President for the current official year.

The Hon'ble Mr. Mehta moved that the Hon'ble Mr. C. P. Burke be appointed President of the Corporation for the year 1900-1901. He said that as a general rule people interested in local self-Government looked with a certain amount of prejudice and disfavour against an official being elected a chairman of a Municipal body. But that objection vanished when an officer of high standing was proposed by the unanimous voice of his own colleagues to preside over their body. So far as their own body was concerned he would say that the official members had served the Corporation very usefully, and it was curious that for a long time they had not had an officer of Government for their chairman. It therefore, gave him great pleasure in proposing Mr. Burke as their President for the current year. In him they would have an officer of very high standing. He had served Government for a number of years, and held one of the most important public offices in this city, namely, the chairmanship of the Bombay Port Trust. They all knew that Port Trust was a body which beat every local self-government body for the reason that it did its work in silence. There was exactly a similar body in Calcutta which did its work in the same way, but which had proved an egregious failure. He was perfectly certain that so far as Mr. Burke was concerned they had a gentleman who would do the greatest credit to the chair of the Corporation. Mr. Burke had been in the Corporation for many years, had taken great interest in the work of the Municipality, and had always shown a desire and anxiety to make himself useful whenever an opportunity presented itself. He had always given excellent advice on all occasions to the Corporation, and he thought he would be expressing the unanimous opinion of the Corporation when he said that in placing Mr. Burke in the chair they would be placing a gentleman who would do honour to himself and to the Corporation. (Applause).

Sir Bhalchandra Krishna in seconding the proposition said that he did not consider Mr. Burke as an officer only, but also as one of their distinguished and honoured colleagues. His services in connection with the Municipality and especially the Port Trust, han won for him the confidence of the Government and the public. He was a member of the Lagislative Council, a representative of the Port Trust in the City Improvement Trust, and a Syndic in Arts. As a member of the Corporation his professional advice had been of very great assistance to them. Mr. Burke took part in the discussion of every important question that came before the Corporation and whenever he spoke, he spoke with authority and always commanded the respect and attention of members. His wide experience and his status emminently filled him for the post of President, and he (the speaker) was sure that he would perform his duties with tact, judgment and ability (Applause).

The proposition was carried unanimously.

The Honble Mr. Burke having, taken the chair thanked the Corporation for the honour they had done him by appointing him their President and said that he would exert his utmost for the promotion of the best interests of the Corporation.

VOTE OF THANKS TO THE RETIRING PRESIDENT.

The Hon. Mr. Mehta said that he had another very pleasant duty to perform, and it was to tender a cordial vote of thanks of the Corporation to the Hon. Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtula, their retiring President. He had the honour and the pleasure of proposing last year the election of Mr. Ibrahim to the Presidential chair, and he then ventured to say—though it did not require any prophetic fervour to do so—that he would do the greatest credit to the chair that he would be called upon to fill. Mr. Ibrahim had not only simply fulfilled the expectations that were formed of him but he had more than fulfilled them. Last year had been a year of unusual arduons work in the Corporation. He (Mr. Mehta) had been a member of the Corporation ever since it was established in the year 1872, and prior to that he was on the Bench of Justices when it served the purpose of a Municipal Body, but he did not remember one single year in which the work of that body had been of so heavy and arduous and so responsible a character as it had been during the last year. If they were to have during the current year as many committees as they had last year, he could not congratulate Mr. Burke on the prospect which lay before him. It had been frequently said that the chairman of the Standing Committee was the most hard-worked non-official member of Municipal administration, but it seemed to him that the work which had fallen upon the the President last year was incomparably more heavy and arduous than on any other Municipal officer. The Corporation, would agree with him that Mr. Ibrahim had gone through that work with the greatest assiduity and zeal, and he had brought to the discharge of his duties an ability which was not of a common character. What had struck him and many of the members of the Corporation as very wonderful was, that though Mr. Ibrahim was not a lawyer he had a full, firm and a quick and comprehensive grasp of the intricacies of Municipal constitution. Mr. Ibrahim had in the discharge of his duties shown unwearying courtesy, tact and judgment. Though occasions had arisen when members carried away by their zeal had transagressed the limits of legitimate discussion, Mr. Ibrahim always brought to bear on the proceedings of the Corporation and his excellent judgment, tact and knowledge so as to conduct them harmoniously and well. It seemed to him that the Mahomedans did not require any special concessions or special indulgence since they could now compete with all communities and all classes in India. The Mahomedans could now hold their own, and the example of Mr. Ibrahim should now encourage them to compete full and persistently in the public service of their country. He proposed that the best thanks of the Corporation be given to the Hon'ble Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtoola, the President, for the ability, assiduity and zeal with which he carried on the unusually heavy and arduous business of the last year, and the tact, courtesy and knowledge with which he discharged the onerous and responsible duties of his office. (Applause.)

Sir George Cotton in seconding the motion said that no doubt Mr. Ibrahim made an excellent President, who maintained the dignity and the best traditions of the Corporation. It was a pleasure to him to the clear and masterly way in which he disposed of points of order and procedure. In no single instance was his ruling questioned. For aught he knew no member felt agrieved with his ruling. There was no assembly with the exception of the House of Commons where the chair was more respected than in the Bombay Corporation. It was indeed a good healthy sign that members bowed to the decision of and the chair. The way in which Mr. Ibrahim presided over the Corporation encouraged them to pay respect to the chair. (Applause).

Dr. Ismail Janmahomed said that he felt proud as a Mahomedan to listn to what had fallen from the previous speakers about a respected member of his own community. He congralutated Mr. Ibrahim on the manner in which he conducted the duties of his high office as President of the Corporation,

Mr. K. N. Wadia, in supporting the proposition, said that the Mahomedans ought to feel proud that the three Presidents they had given them, namely, Mr. Sayani, the late Mr. Dharamsey and Mr. Ibrahim, had served the Corporation exceptionally well.

The proposition was then put to the vote and carried with acclamation.

The Hon. Mr. Ibraham, who was received with cheers, in reply said that he tried to do his duty to the best of his ability and with independence and impartiality, and if he was successful in his endeavours, it was due more to the hearty co-operation of members, of the Municipal Commissioner, and last though not the least of the Municipal Secretary who had rendered him every assistance in his power, than anything else. He was enabled to give the Corporation satisfaction because his rulings were respected and accepted by members without the slightest demur, The work of the past year was an exceptionly heavy one. During the years 1896, 1897 and 1898, the average number of items on the agenda paper was 500 only, but last year it rose to 700. There were during the last year 31 new committees appointed, with 14 remaining undisposed of, making a total of 45 committees. While during the preceding years the average number of committee meetings was 40, it was 104 during the last year. Against an average of about 100 notice of motion during the previous years, there were 183 notices during the last year, of which 60 were sent in by two members only. (Laughter and "Hear Hear.") He commended the zeal of such members, but he hoped that the committee meetings and notices of motions would be kept within legitimate bounds during the current year. In conclusion he thanked the Corporation for passing the proposition which was couched in such handsome terms, with acclamation, (Applause).

THE LATE MR. J. C. CAMA.

Dr. Ismail Jan Mahomed then moved: "That the Corporation have learnt with deepre gret of the death of the Mr. Jamsetji Cursedji Cama, who during an uninterrupted period of eleven years served the city as a member of the Corporation, (2) That this meeting do now adjourn out of respect to his memory. (3) And that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to the brother of the deceased." Dr. Ismail said that during the last two years the Corporation had lost several useful members. Amongst them was the late Mr. J. C. Cama by whose death they had lost a valuable member, and several of their collesgues a good and kind friend.

Mr. Sundernath D. Khote in seconding the proposition, said that Mr. Cama was a genial companion and frank and sympathetic friend.

Mr. K. N. Wadia said that though Mr. Cama was considered by some to be a silent member he took a deep interest in all Municipal affairs and the suggestions which he used to offer proved to be of great value to the Municipality.

The Honble Mr. Mehta remarked that by Mr. Cama's death many of them there had lost a valued and esteemed friend.

The proposition was carried, and the Corporation adjoured to Thursday next.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

THE following are excerpts from the proceedings of a Meeting of the Trustees of the Port of Bombay, held on the 27th March :—

MINERAL ORES.

Read letter from Mr. R. A. Willis, dated 8th March, 1900, saying, that he has been requested to arrange for the storage near the Docks, and for the shipping of about 5,000 tons of mineral ores; observing that it is probable that if this first consignment is made and gives a satisfactory result the business may become a permanent one and that four or five times the amount of ore named may be shipped annually, and requesting the Trustees to quote special rates in connection therewith.

Read proceedings of the Docks and Bunders Committees saying, as regards storage that there is ample space now available at Malet Bunder where, there is also a railway siding at hand, that the ordinary rate for storage at this Bunder is Rs. 10 per 500 sq. ft. per month, except for coal, which is charged at Rs. 7 per mensem, and recommending that the land be offered at the same rate as coal, on monthly tenancy only, and provided that no less than 1,000 sq. ft. is taken up and paid for in each month, for smaller areas full rate of Rs. 10 should be charged, and proposing as regards exports or shipment from the Docks that the rate of annas 12, including, hamallage, but not including unloading carts would be suitable for "mineral ores," the extra charge for unloading carts to be one anna per cart, and the period of free storage within the Docks must be limited to 2 days (48 hours), after which extra fees will be strictly enforced, adding that the rate for shipment from the Bunders may be fixed at annas 4 per ton, for wharfage only and includes no labour or hamallage charges.

Resolution.—The recommendations of the Docks and Bunders Committees are sanctioned, subject to the approval of Government as regards the rates for shipment.

LUBRICATING OIL.

Submitted Trustees' Resolution, dated 19th September, 1899, granting a remission in the dock charges levied on a consignment of lubricating oil ex S. S. "Heathdene" discharged on the quay for the ship's convenience and subsequently re-shipped into boats for conveyance to the Gun Powder Bunder.

Read letter from the Docks Superintendent, dated 8th March, 1900, saying, with reference to a proposal to add a rule providing special rates in cases of the kind referred to in the Trustees' Resolution quoted above, that they are not at all frequent, that there is always great demand for shed accommodation at the Docks during mansoon when vessels are driven into dock through bad weather outside and expressing the opinion that in such cases it is but right that cargo landed should pay the ordinary dock charges as it forces into the open with more or less risk to the Trust, other goods for which the Trustees are responsible and that if Steamship Companies under such circumstances allow themselves to be bound down by their Bill of Lading landing clauses it should not alter the dock rule for such charges.

Read proceedings of the Docks Committee, saying, that it is undesirable to introduce any general rule providing for reduced rater for overside cargo which is landed in Docks for ship's convenience instead of being discharged overside directly into boats for conveyance to Bunders, and that it is best that each case should be considered and decided on its own merits.

Resolution.—The Trustees concur in the opinion of the Docks Committee and deem it desirable that each case should be considered and dicided on its own merits.

OFFGED CHITS.

Submitted letters from the Agents, B. I. S. N. Co., Limited, dated 18th January, 1900, enquiring as to the result of the enquiries into the case of the two carts of rice detected to have passed out of Dock under forged cart chits from the S. S. "Okhla" on the 30th December 1899, and making the following suggestions for consideration :—"That all the dock gates except the main gate be closed instead of left open as now, when work is stopped for meals, and that if it would be possible, that all muccadams taking delivery from the Docks should hold licenses similar to that of stevedores working in the Docks. That the 'gate-keeper should be advised of the signatures on which cargo should be passed out. At present the gate-keepers pass the carts out on receipt of the delivery chit, no matter who signed by. That the books of delivery chits for bag cargo be printed on different coloured paper to those for ordinary cargo, and that they are made out in three parts, one for gate, one for checker, and the counterpart on books."

Read letters from the Docks Superintendent, dated respectively, 21st, 24th and 26th March, 1900, reporting the enquiries made by him into the case above referred to and intimating that the Chief Presidency Magistrate convicted on the 20th instant, a Muccadam named Shewji Ghosa of theft of 20 bags of rice ex. S.S. "Okhla" from the Victoria Dock, and R. Solomon, Dock Clerk, for aiding and abetting in the theft, and sentenced each of them to six months' rigorous imprisonment and recommending that the name of the clerk to struck off the establishment and circulated to all the Port Trust Departments to prevent his re-employment, and lastly proposing to defer his further remarks on the subject until the return of certain books, papers, &c., retained by the Magistrate, a notice of appeal having been lodged by the prisoner's counsel.

Read letter from the Trustees' Solicitor, dated 20th March, 1900, communicating the Magistrates' judgment in the prosecution as stated above, adding that the Solicitor appearing for the accused R. Solomon applied for a copy of the judgment with a view to appeal to the High Court, but that he presumes the Trustees will not consider it worth while to follow this case any further.

Submitted letter from the Dock Superintendent, dated 27th March, 1900, forwarding a memo from the Superintendent, Dock Police, suggesting the persons amongst whom the reward of Rs. 200 should be distributed.

Read memo, from the Superintendent, Dock Police, dated 27th March, 1900, above referred to.

Resolution.—The Docks Superintendent's complete report is awaited and should be submitted early; the suggestions made by the Agents, B. I. S. N. Co., Ld., in their letterated 8th January, 1900, should receive careful consideration, The reward of Rs. 200 and expenses of the witnesses should be forwarded to the Commissioner of Police for favour of payment to those concerned.

The following were amongst the papers laid on the table :—

PILOTAGE STATEMENT.

	For week ending 23rd Mar. 1900.	Total from 1st April 1899 to 23rd Mar. 1900.	For week ending 25th Mar. 1899.	Total from 1st April 1898 to 23rd Mar. 1899.
Vessels piloted into harbour	16	982	18	995
Vessels piloted out of harbour	21	993	15	995
Vessels transported	9	637	11	654
Vessels attended to	3	62	0	73
Vessels warped ...	0	59	1	53

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR W. G. WILSON, COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 6th April, 1900.

NOTICE.

There will be a Meeting of Members interested in Foothal and Hockey at the Corps Club on the 8th instant at 11 a.m.

By Order,
A. J. PEILE, Captain, B. A.
Adjutant, B. V. A.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. E. FERRERS NICHOLSON, COMMANDING B. V. R.

Bombay, 6th April, 1900.

1. The Colonel Sir Lyttelton Bayley's Drill Challenge Cup competition for Cadets will take place on the Parade Ground in Front of the Gymkhana at 5 p.m. to-morrow Saturday the 7th Instant.

Cadets will be conveyed in special tram cars as follows :—
Byculla School—One single car to leave Victoria Gardens at 4-15 p.m.
St Mary's College—One single car to leave Victoria Gardens at 4-15 p.m.

2. The Commandant is pleased to award the "Tennent Memorial Sergeants Challenge Cup" to Sergeant F H English of "B" Company for excellent work done during the season and for General Efficiency.

3. It is proposed to form a Regimental Cricket Club, and all Members interested are requested to attend a Meeting to be held at Head quarters at 6 p.m. on Monday next the 9th instant.

By Order,
P. H. ROGERS, Capt.,
Adjutant, B. V. R.

SMOKE "RICHMOND GEM"—Cigarettes in round-air-tight tins of 50, of all Tobacconists.

THE FAMINE.

The 11th subscription list of the Indian Famine Charitable Relief Fund shows a total of Rs. 31,73,315-7-1 exclusive of a sum of nearly 8 1-2 lakhs, held by the Comptroller General as the unexpended balance of the Fund of 1897.

Subscriptions continue to flow in locally, and India's share of the total, bids fair to exceed that of 1897.

The farther East has been contributing generously towards the Indian Famine Fund. A contribution of Rs. 40,000 has just been received from Singapore which had previously forwarded Rs. 15,000. Penang also has sent a contribution of Rs. 28,000 : the Malay States upwards of Rs. 32,000 : from Hongkong has come Rs. 30,000, and from Tientsin nearly Rs. 3,000.

THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE AND AGRICULTURAL CATTLE.

The following correspondence has been sent to us for publication :—

Chamber of Commerce, Bombay, 12th March, 1900.
The Chief Secretary to Government, Famine Department, Bombay.

SIR,—The Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have had under consideration the question of the great mortality in cattle in the Bombay Presidency owing to the prevailing famine, and I have been instructed to address you on the subject and to request that Government may be pleased to favour the Chamber with information as to the steps they are taking to assist the ryots in agricultural operations. 2 In the opinion of my Committee, it is not sufficient for Government to direct attention to the saving of human life only. They consider that in the interest of this country it is necessary that funds be devoted for the purpose of saving the lives of the cattle and for importing cattle from other districts, and every effort should be made to assure a supply of bullocks sufficient for the cultivators when the time arrives for planting for the crops. By such means it may be possible to avert the danger of deficient crops and increased expenditure on the part of Government. 3 My Committee consider this matter to be of great importance not only to the mercantile community but for the prosperity of this presidency, and they therefore will be pleased to hear from Government on the subject at an early date.—I have, &c.,

(Sd.) C. J. MICHAEL, Ag. Secretary.

No. 1723 of 1900.
Famine Department.
Bombay Castle, 23rd March, 1900.

To the Secretary to the Chamber of Commerce Bombay.

SIR,—I am directed to ackowledge the receipt of your letter dated 12th instant and in reply to state for the information of the Chamber that full details of the measures which have been and are being taken for the preservation of cattle will be found in the memoranda showing the progress of relief operations, which are published every week in the "Bombay Government Gazette."—I have, &c.,

(Sd.) J. MONTEATH, Chief Secretary to Government.

Chamber of Commerce, Bombay, 29th March, 1900.
The Chief Secretary to Government, Famine Department, Bombay.

SIR,—Under the instructions of the Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce, I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 1723 of the 23rd instant stating in reply to the Chamber's letter of the 12th idem, that full details of the measures which have been and are being taken for the preservation of cattle will be found in the memoranda showing the progress of relief operations, which are published every week in the "Bombay Government Gazette." 2. Since receipt of your communication the committee are pleased to notice, from the official statement showing the progress of relief measures during the week ended the 17th March, that the several Governments and Administrations in India have been requested to favour the Bombay Government with information whether it is likely that plough cattle will be available in their respective provinces for purchase before commencement of next cultivating season, and, if so whether any estimate can be framed of the probable surplus after the home requirements are met. 3. I am to express the hope that Government may be pleased to communicate the above information to the Chamber when the particulars asked for have come to hand. 4. I am however to observe that the amount (Rs. 3005) allotted by Government for supply of oil-cake to supplement the grass rations of the cattle referred to in the memorandum of Relief operations published on 27th February 1900—seems barely sufficient to keep alive number of cattle in the various districts of the presidency, and the Committee would respectfully suggest that a larger sum of money be sanctioned by Government for this purpose. It would be an advantage also to have more cattle in the agricultural farms.—I have, &c.,

(Sd.) C. J. MICHAEL, Ag. Secretary.

BOMBAY SEASON REPORTS.

THE following season reports for the week ending 3rd April were published in yesterday's "Government Gazette" :—

Karachi.—River at Kotri on 2nd 4 feet against 5 feet on same date last year. Harvesting of rabi crops continues. Cattle weak in all talukas except Dadu. Prices of wheat at Karachi 9 and of Jowari 10, of bajri 8 1-2, of rice 5 3-4 and of Bombay grass 16 1-2 seers per rupee.

Shikarpur.—Rain during week 40 cents at Sukkur on 2nd April, and 6 cents at Shikarpur and Mirpur on 31st March. Drizzling in seven talukas. Reaping of rabi crops continues. Threshing in progress. Kharif operations commenced in Nasirabad taluka. Condition of agricultural stock bad in Rohri taluka. Cattle dying of starvation in Ubauro taluka. Prices of food-grains and fodder steady.

Hyderabad.—Harvesting of rabi crops progressing. Cattle in fair condition. Price of rice varying from 8 to 11 1-4, of wheat from 9 to 11, of jowari from 9 to 12, and of bajri from 9 to 10 1-2 seers per rupee. Price of dry karbi varying from 4 annas to Re. 1-2 annas per maund.

Thar and Parkar.—Harvesting of rabi crops in progress except at Dipla, where it is completed. Cattle in bad condition. Prices of rice and bajri at Mirpur 9 and 9 1-2, at Khipra 11 1-4 and 9 1-4, at Sanghar 11 and 10, at Umarkot 10 and 8 3-4, at Chachra 8 1-2 and 8, at Mithi 9 and 8 1-2, at Dipla 10 and 8 1-2, and at Nagar 7 1-2 and 7 1-4 seers per rupee.

Ahmedabad—(For week ending 31st March 1900).—No rain during week. Sowing of hot weather crops in progress in all talukas. Scarcity of drinking water felt in Viramgam taluk. Fodder supply insufficient. Condition of cattle becoming worse. Price of jowari 9 seers 20 tolas, of bajri 8 seers 60 tolas, of wheat 9 seers 40 tolas, of rice 2nd sort 9 seers 40 tolas, and of grass 28 seers per rupee.

Panch Mahalas.—No rain during week. Irrigated rabi crops being reaped. Cattle in very poor condition. Average price of maize 8 3-4, and of bajri 7 3-4 seers per rupee.

Kaira—(For week ending 2nd April 1900).—Standing rabi crops in irrigated lands in fair condition except in some places where they are withering for want of water. Resowing of jowari and reaping of wheat in progress. Fodder supply very scanty. Agricultural stock in bad condition. Cattle dying of starvation. Price of wheat 7 1-3, of rice 8 1-4, of bajri 7 3-4, and of bavto 9 seers per rupee. Price of dry fodder 7 sheaves of sundhia, 12 of bajri, and 60 of Kharsali per rupee.

Broach.—Fodder irrigation continues in Broach taluka. Fodder supply scanty. Grass not available in Vagra and A'mod talukas.

Surat.—Irrigated crops in fair condition and being harvested in Bardoli and Olpad talukas. Lands being prepared for cultivation. Condition of cattle and fodder supply fair. Slight rise in the price of jowari and slight fall in that of tur-dal. Prices of other food-grains stationary.

Colaba (Bombay).—Abnormal temperature 1° warm on 29th and 30th, and 2° cool on 3rd; temperature normal on all other days. Vapour in air excessive from 28th to 1st and normal on 2nd and 3rd. Wind normal throughout the week except on 2nd, when abnormal wind was northerly.

Thana.—Burning of rab materials in progress. Condition of fodder supply and agricultural stock good. Price of rice 2nd sort in seers per rupee 9 1-4 at Mokhada, 7 1-2 at Mahim and Kalyan, 7 3-4 at Bhiwndi and Vada, 8 at Dahanu, 8¾ at Shahapur and Murbad, 9 at Umbargaon, and 9 1-4 at Thana and Bassein.

Kolaba.—Harvesting of rabi crops and rab operations in progress. Fodder supply sufficient. Agricultural stock healthy. Prices of food-grains almost stationary except at Karjat, where the price of rice has risen by 15 tolas.

Ratnagiri.—Burning of rab-materials and reaping of summer crops in progress. Summer crops in fair condition. Prices of food-grains steady in all talukas except Rajapur and Dapoli. Price of rice at Ratnagiri 9 seers 78 tolas per rupee, and in the district varying from 8 seers 64 tolas at Mandangad to 9 seers 56 tolas at Malvan, Guhagar and Khed. Price of nachni at Ratnagiri 10 seers 46 tolas, and in the District varying from 10 seers 16 tolas at Dapoli to 12 seers 75 tolas at Malvan. Price of dry fodder varying from 10 annas per maund at Sangameshvar to 11 annas 5 pies at Vengurla.

Khandesh.—Reaping of rabi crops in irrigated lands in progress. Threshing commenced in some places. Preparation of lands for next season continues. Fodder supply insufficient. Condition of agricultural stock unsatisfactory owing to scarcity of fodder. Cattle suffering for want of either water or fodder.

Nasik.—Reaping of crops in bagayat lands commenced in Nasik, Dindori, Malegaon, Nandgaon, Baglan and Kalvan talukas. Threshing of wheat in progress in Sinnar taluka. Irrigated crops withered in Chandor taluka. Lands being prepared for next season in parts of Sinnar taluka. Burning of rab materials in progress in Peint taluka. In the hilly condition of cattle and fodder supply is still fair, but in other places cattle are suffering for want of fodder, and in Yeola, Malegaon and Nandgaon talukas for want of water also. Cattle dying in numbers for want of grass in Malegaon taluka. Prices of food-grains generally steady. Price of rice at Nasik 7 seers 40 tolas, of wheat 7 seers 53 tolas, of bajri 8 seers 10 tolas, and of nagli 9 seers 16 tolas per rupee. Price of dry grass at Nasik 12 annas per 100 sheaves.

Ahmednagar.—Irrigated rabi crops withering owing to diminished supply of water. Sowing of fodder crops in progress. Reaping and threshing continue. Condition of fodder and cattle unsatisfactory. Actual prices of food-grains and karbi stationary.

Sholapur—(For week ending 31st March 1900).—Rain during week 67 cents at Sholapur, 46 cents at Barsi, 45 cents at Madha, 12 cents at Karmala and 1 cent at Sangola. Rabi crops in some places in black soil and in garden lands in fair condition. Harvesting completed in all talukas. Fodder supply becoming scanty. Condition of milch and plough cattle fair, and of other cattle bad. Price of jowari slightly fallen at Madha, Karmala, and Malsiras talukas, and stationary at Barsi, Pandharpur, and Sangola talukas. Price of wheat 7 seers 15 chataks, of rice 9 seers 12 chataks, of jowari 8 seers 15 chataks, and of bajri 8 seers 15 chataks per rupee. Price of karbi Rs. 2-8-0 per 100 bundles.

Satara.—Preparation of lands for next season continues in some places. Supply of grain sufficient. Supply of water and fodder getting scarce. Prices of food-grains fallen in Javli and Koregaon talukas, risen in Patan taluka, and stationary elsewhere. Price of jowari and bajri at Satara 16 lbs. 26 tolas each. Price of karbi 50 lbs. per rupee.

Bijapur.—Rain during week 29 cents at Indi, 13 cents at Muddebihal, 3 cents at Sindgi, 15 cents at Bagevadi, 65 cents at Hungund, and 4 cents at Bijapur. Preparation of lands for next season commenced. Condition of cattle fair in five talukas and somewhat unsatisfactory in Indi, Sindgi and Badami talukas. Average price of jowari 9 seers 3 chataks, of bajri 8 seers 14 chataks, of rice 2nd sort 8 seers, of turdal 5 seers 8 chataks, and of karbi 158 lbs. per rupee.

Belgaum.—Rain during week 1 inch 6 cents at Gokak, 41 cents at Chikodi, 5 cents at Parasgad, and 2 cents at Murgod. Prices of food-grains stationary.

Dharwar.—Rain during week 5 cents at Ron. Cotton picking almost completed. Harvesting of late jowari in progress in Navalgund taluka. Lands being prepared for next season in some places. Condition of cattle fair. Fodder supply reported to be scarce in eleven talukas and water supply deficient in eight talukas. Prices of food-grains and karbi almost stationary.

Kanara.—On coast hot weather rice crops in fair condition. Reaping continues in some places. Above ghats sowing of pulse and harvesting of pepper continue. Planting of sugarcane in progress in some places. Garden and sugarcane crops in fair condition. Agricultural stock in good condition. Fodder supply fairly sufficient. Price of rice at Karwar 19 lbs. and of ragi 26 lbs. 8 tolas per rupee. Price of grass Re. 1 per maund.

Rajkot.—Weather hot. Reaping of wheat and sowing of hot weather jowari progressing. Fodder extremely scarce. Cattle being maintained on fodder crops. Average price of wheat 7 seers 70 tolas, of bajri 7 seers 50 toals, of jowari 8 seers 50 tolas and of gram 8 seers 35 tolas per rupee.

Wadhwan.—Weather hot. Price of bajri 8, and of jowari 8½ seers per rupee.

Baroda.—Standing crops raised by well irrigation in fair condition in some places. Reaping operations continue. Condition of agricultural stock not satisfactory for want of fodder and water. Price of bajri 17, of jowari 19, of wheat 17, of rice superior 13, and of rice inferior 17 lbs. per British rupee.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Bombay Government Gazette*, April 5.)

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr W Doderet I C S to act as Political Agent Savanur vice Mr E L Cappel C I E I C S proceeding on leave or pending further orders.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr P C H Snow C I E I C S on the return to duty of the Hon Mr J K Spence C S I I C S to be Political Agent Bhor.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr A W G Chokkerbutty I C S to act as Political Agent Akalkot during the absence of Mr A F Maconochie, I C S on leave or pending further orders.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments vice Rao Saheb Sadashiv Hari Dhare retiring Rao Saheb Atmaram Jamnadas Kaji Second Class Second Grade Subordinate Judge to be Second Class First Grade Subordinate Judge; Khan Saheb Temuras Navroji Sanjana Second Class Third Grade Subordinate Judge to be Second class Second Grade Subordinate Judge; and Rao Saheb Jivanlal Mohanlal Shukla Second Class Fourth Grade Subordinate Judge to be Second Class Third Grade Subordinate Judge.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Lieut H Hulseberg 27th Bo Lt Inf to be Cantonment Magistrate at Karachi in addition to his Military duties vice Major F J Fowler transferred.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to confirm the appointment of Mr B C H Calcraft-Kennedy I C S to act as Registrar of the High Court Appellate Side during the absence on leave of Mr R D Sethna B A LL B Bombay Barrister-at-Law or until further orders.

H E the Governor in Council also pleased

PURELY PERSONAL.

A DROLL story is told about one futile attempt to draw a big subscription from "Chicago" Smith. In early life he had some business connection with Elgin. Upon the strength of this fact a small deputation of the townsfolk there, who were collecting two or three thousand pounds for some local improvement, appealed for the help of the multi-millionaire. They produced their subscription list, which contained a number of names with modest amounts attached. The old gentleman carefully scrutinised the list and gave much serious thought to the business. At last, taking a pencil, he drew a line at the foot of the list and added up the amounts already received. His visitors joyously assumed that Mr. Smith intended himself to provide the whole of the balance still wanted; but they were mistaken. He proceeded to count the subscribers' names, and, dividing the amount by their number, said he would subscribe the average thus ascertained!

It came as a surprise to learn that IsaacGordon, the infamous money-lender was as young as thirty-five; he certainly used his short span of life to the utmost. Tall, well built, erect, with hollow, shallow cheeks, keen, penetrating, restless eyes, he looked to a large extent what he was—a ruthless, daring, brilliant bird of prey. The eyes, indeed, were the windows of his soul, and revealed the tremendous energy, the fierce fever of the man. He seemed to spend on his business of extortion all the passion which an ordinary human being would divide between home and pleasure and the other interests of life. He was working apparently up to a couple of hours before his death; he was so anxious to receive his correspondence that he used to rush to the post-office at five in the morning; and during the last months of his life, when he suffered agony from the disease in his throat and from the diseased lower jaw, and when his voice was reduced to a hideous croak, he kept on working feverishly at the devil's job of breaking up homes and hearts.

There are some curious instances in the Birmingham papers of signs of softness in this tiger-hearted monster. He tried never to lend money to any of his co-religionists; at least, not on the usual extortionate lines. Now and then he is said even to have pressed money on some of them, and not to have asked for repayment. There is also a story of his insisting on helping a saving man to buy a piano, and of his refusing the repayment of the loan. This same man had a little boy six years old, who seemed to have reached a soft spot in Gordon's heart for he used to send him chocolates by post; to write frequently to ask after his health, and he promised to provide for the child in his will. Strangely enough, too, he was able to create some feeling of loyalty and even affection in his manager, and in a relative named Levin, who came over from Dublin to attend the funeral. Both these are described as weeping hysterically at the funeral.

The amount of money this Isaac Gordon made is variously estimated; by some it is put at as high a figure as a million. One of the curious things about him was that he carried in his pockets no less a sum than £4,000, and that £27,000 were found in his offices. This accumulation, in this old-fashioned from, was due to the unwillingness of banks to have any thing to do with his account. The story of his extortions is well known. In one case he got back more than £14,000 from a man who had borrowed £5,000 from him—and yet was not paid in full—and drove the man into bankruptcy. A poor farmer borrowed £50 from him; he signed a promissory note for £200. Probably he drove several men and women to the grave; indeed, at the very moment of his death the accounts were being investigated of an unfortunate clergyman who was one of his victims, and who has just died. The world is well rid of the fellow.

The well-known gentleman jockey, Phil Reeves, who has gone to the front with the South Staffordshires, is one of the finest horsemen in England, and came out at the top of the gentlemen riders' list last year. Some time ago, while schooling a horse, he met with a serious accident, but is now fully recovered. He is very athletic, and has not an ounce of superfluous flesh on him, but is all muscle. He is over six feet, but only scales nine stone. The best proof of his dash and pluck is that he has been given the command of the South Stafford hire's Maxim, which is a great honour for so very young a man. He is the son of "Helen Mathers" whose "Comin' Thro' the Rye" and other delightful books have endeared her to so many thousands. Her "Bam Wildfire" made a great sensation when it came out about eighteen months ago. She is behaving nobly about parting with her only child. After the first shock she bore up bravely, said she meant to take her turn with the other mothers, and parted heroically from him on the 9th, with this resolution. His father, Dr. Henry Reeves, is a well-known West-end physician.

Here is an extract from a letter from Capetown which reveals Lord Kitchener in a very characteristic light: "The difference since Roberts and Kitchener arrived here is something stupendous. Kitchener toddles about, walks into hotels, sniffs after young subalterns strutting about in Staff uniform, and makes himself generally 'unpleasant.' The other day he presented himself before one of these peacocky gentlemen, who was lolling about in the grounds of the chief hotel here, surrounded by a crowd of female admirers, and abruptly asked the young gentleman what his name was. The young gentleman sprang up, stood to attention, and informed him. 'And what are you doing here?' said Kitchener. 'Haw!' replied the beauteous youth. 'I have just come down from Moddah Rivah!' 'Oh!' said Kitchener, 'Well perhaps you had better go back to Moddah Rivah. The train starts at nine o'clock to-night!' and then he went in search of the next Staff officer. He is a holy terror to the gilded youth who have come out here to play at picnics."

Here is a new Buller story. Many years ago, during the Red River expedition, a soldier in the King's Royal Rifles, who is now a messenger in the Bank of England, was much in need of a pipeful of tobacco. He approached his brother Tommies for what he required but without success. A figure that seemed familiar, marched steadily ahead, and the soldier, in desperation, slapped the individual on the back, saying, "Got a pipeful of bacey, mate?" The figure turned, revealing Buller, then a captain in the same regiment. The soldier was overwhelmed with confusion. "Very sorry I can't oblige" said Buller, "but I haven't a pipeful for myself!" showing at the same time an empty pipe.

Mr. A. N. Hornby, the famous cricketer, who has just broken three ribs in the hunting field, is, perhaps, one of the most popular men who ever figured on the cricket pitch. He is the firmest of football referees, and no other living man so thoroughly understands the temperament of the Manchester crowd. When in the Harrow Eleven, he was so small that he played with an undersized bat and was barely taller than the stumps. He received the nickname of "Monkey," and all the world has called him by that appelation ever since. His physical strength is terrific. When there was a historic row on the Sydney Cricket Ground in 1879, a hulking giant tried to assault Lord Harris. Mr. Hornby promptly knocked him down, and then, seizing him by the legs, swung the dazed Colonial round and round till a small space was cleared by the force of the whirling body.

Prominent among the provincial stars of to-day is Mrs. Louis Calvert. Her popularity is perennial. She has played, for one thing the character of Mme. Deprets, in Mr. F. C. Burnand's French military drama, *Proof*, over two thousand times. Mrs. Calvert, who is some years older than her husband, is the wife of Mr. Louis Calvert, of Her Majesty's Theatre. She was born at Dover, and is the granddaughter of Captain Roberts, R. N., who commanded the Terrible, and was made an admiral the day he died. As Miss Rose Roberts she went on the stage at Drury Lane at the end of Mr. F. B. Chatterton's management. A drawing by Sir. John Everett Millais shows her as she was then, a fascinating, piquant girl with a little turban tilted over her eyes. They used to call her "the John Leech girl" from her resemblance to his favourite type, but "Millais girl" would have been nearer the mark, for even yet she bears a strong resemblance to most of Millais' heroines—notably to Rosalind in his painting of "Rosalind and Celia."

Miss Sybil Sanderson has let her home in the Avenue des Champs-Elysees in Paris, and has gone to Palermo, where she will take up her studies for two or three months preparatory to returning to the operatic stage. Miss Sanderson began life so early that it is difficult to realise that she is still not more than thirty-five. She was born in the tropical climate of the Sacramento Valley in California, and was a bewitching little coquette at the age of fourteen. At sixteen she was so splendid in her beauty, and so audacious in her display of personal charms, that her appearance at each performance was the sensation of a Patti opera season in San Francisco. She had a voluptuous oval countenance, with a straight nose, a little pouting red mouth, and big, starry violet eyes, with long black lashes—Irish eyes. Her hair, dark and abundant, grew beautifully over her forehead. She had a perfectly exquisite figure, with neck and arms like luminous marble. Though gifted with good taste in dress, she could not resist the temptation to be daring as well as chic. A born flirt, she coquetted with all, young and old.

TEN THOUSAND POUNDS PER ANNUM MAY BE EARNED at too great a sacrifice if we ruin our health and happiness during its accumulation. Although money is a necessary article to possess in order to obtain the means of existence, it cannot purchase love, friendship, or immunity from the dangers and pangs of disease. The millionaire has often envied the toiling labourer his hearty appetite and sturdy health, and would gladly have sacrificed a large amount of his wealth in exchange for those blessings. Holloway's Pills, however, can give health to the most delicate. They are the precious key which can open the door leading to the smiling valley of health. They purify the system and give the essentials of strength for the blood

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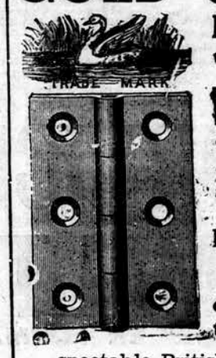

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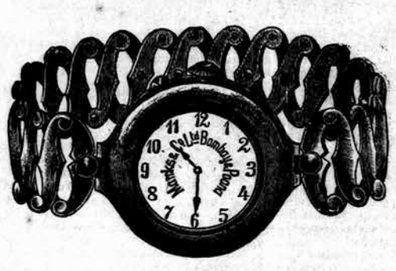

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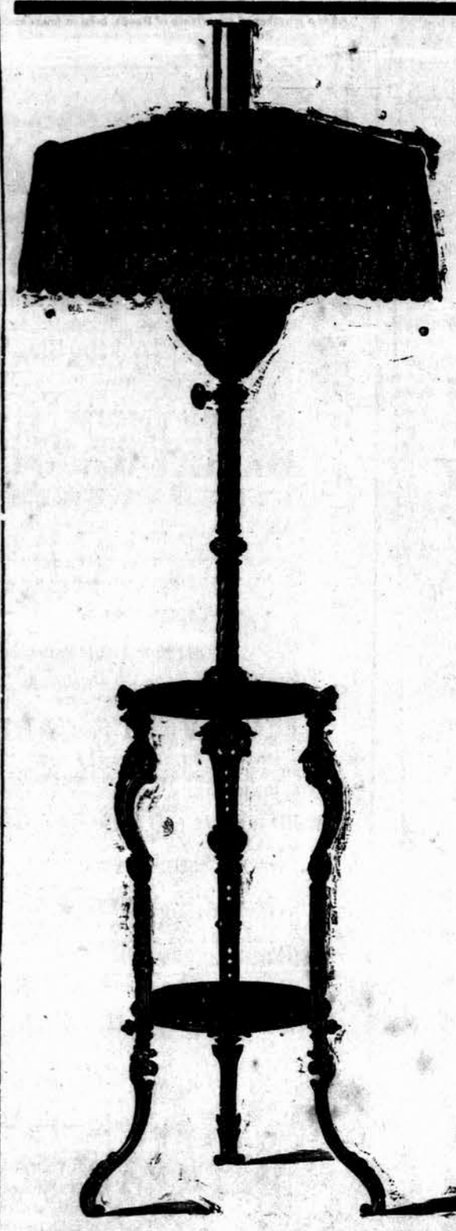

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